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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Abdul Ghaffar Khan Arrested

Sequel To Defiance Of Ban On Entry Into Mardan District

PESHAWAR, October 27.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan was arrested to-day for attempting to enter Mardan District in defiance of an order prohibiting him from doing so, states a communique.—A. P.

In Delhi

STUDENT PICKETERS ARRESTED

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27.

Some Delhi Colleges were picketed to-day by students of whom two have so far been arrested. A number of students are reported to have come out of the Colleges but most classes are working.—A. P.

In C. P.

CHARGES AGAINST 107 ASHTI ACCUSED

WARDHA, October 27.

Seven accused have been discharged out of 114 challaned in connection with murders, destruction of police quarters and a police station, burning of records and dacoity in police quarters, etc. in Ashti village on 16th August. Charges are being framed under different sections of the I.P.C. and Rule 35 of D.I.R. against 107 accused.

SENTENCE REDUCED IN APPEAL

The sentence of six months' imprisonment imposed on the Secretary of the Arvi Taluka Congress Committee has been reduced to the imprisonment undergone in appeal and, he has been released.—A. P.

MAIL VAN AMBUSHED

POONA, Oct. 27.

A Mail van running between Sankeshwar and Gadnin in Belgaum District is stated to have been ambushed by a gang of about 30 persons carrying firearms and the mail bags in the van were carried away.

A Postal Van proceeding to Hukeri Road Station is reported to have been held up midway by a band of about 30 to 40 people armed with all kind of weapons and the mail bags were removed.

RICE BAGS REMOVED

A granary belonging to a local merchant of Belgaum was broken into and some bags containing rice and jowar were removed by some unknown persons.

At Hiremonali the records and furniture belonging to the Local School was set fire to and burnt, similarly at Kurgund a Chavadi was set on fire.

At Parishwad letter-boxes were found missing while the records and other documents belonging to the Gram Panchayat a Hutgi have been burnt. At Ankalgi an abortive attempt was made to set fire to the Dharmashala belonging to the Local Board.—A. P.

GADHINGLAJ PRAJA WORKERS ARRESTED

POONA, October 27.

An order under Sec. 144 I.P.C., has been promulgated at Gadhinglaj says a message from Kolhapur. The report adds that so far 20 Praja Parishad workers have been taken into custody by the Kolhapur police.

Four persons who were charged under D.I.R., with distributing prejudicial leaflets to people were convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100 each. Similarly four other persons were sentenced to six months' R.I. in default further one month's R.I. and a fine of Rs. 25 each in default further one month's R.I. —A. P.

CHINCHWAD CONVICTIONS

POONA, Oct. 27.

Two persons of Chinchwad have been convicted for taking out a procession in defiance of prohibitory orders and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

In Gujarat

MORE SURAT MERCHANTS ARRESTED

About 11 merchants were arrested yesterday under D.I.R. for observing 'hartal' on the 9th October in defiance of warning issued by the Government.

The number of merchants arrested on Sunday and Monday now totals 39.

Messrs Narottham Meghabhai, Maganbhai, Deogibhai, Ranchodbhai Hirabhai, Ranchodbhai Kalabhai, Baloobhai Khushalbhai, and Hasmukhalal Raogibhai of the villages of Motived and Katargam of the Chorasi Taluqa were sentenced to six months' R.I. each for organising processions and arranging lectures.

LETTER-BOX MISSING

The letter-box attached to the sub-post office in the village of Omjar in the Jalalpore Taluka is reported to be missing.

COLLECTIVE FINES

From the village of Amalsad, Saribugarag, Machhad Karadi, Matwad, and Kothamadi in the Jalalpur a sum of Rs. 28,600 has been realised as collective fines out of a total of Rs. 35,000 imposed on them.—United Press.

SIXTEEN ARRESTED IN AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD, October 27.

Sixteen persons were arrested today in the Ellis Bridge area under D.I.R. An attempt was made to set fire to a post office but the police prevented it. A few articles are reported to have been removed from a closed Municipal School in Maninagar.

Five persons were sentenced today on a charge of taking out a procession to four months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 100 in default two months' further R.I. each. One man was sentenced for taking out a procession to pay a fine of Rs. 150, in default R.I. for three months. The fine was paid in Court. One man was sentenced for taking out a 'Prabhat Feri' to six months' R.I. and a

(Continued On Page 5)

Nazis Sustain Four Million Casualties

LONDON, October 27.

More than four million German soldiers were killed or severely wounded up to the end of August, said the Czecho Slovak President Doctor Benes broadcasting to his people today on the eve of the Czechoslovak Independence Day.

Germany's food position resembled that reached at the end of 1917.—Reuter.

R. A. F. RAIDS OVER AKYAB

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27.

Yesterday morning two formations of R. A. F. bombers escorted by fighters attacked Japanese objectives in the Akyab area, says an Air Headquarters 'communique of to-day's date.

Bombs were dropped on enemy occupied buildings and fires broke out.

Our fighters followed up with low level machine-gun attacks on the targets. None of our aircraft is missing.—A. P.

DY. AIR-CHIEF OF INDIA

NEW DELHI, October 27.

In view of the continued expansion of the Air Forces in India, the post of Deputy Air Officer Commander-in-Chief has been created and Air Marshal J. E.A. Baldwin, has arrived in India and taken up the duties of this appointment.—A. P.

Col. Knox Discredits Axis Claim

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.

The Secretary of the Navy Colonel Knox said that the Axis claim to have sunk four aircraft carriers and a battleship off Santa Cruz was "another of their fishing expeditions".—Reuter.

BR. PARLIAMENTARY MISSION TO CHINA

CAIRO, Oct. 27.

The British Parliamentary Mission headed by Lord Allwyn, which is 'en route' to China at Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek's invitation has arrived in Cairo.—Reuter.

Criminal Courts Ordinance With Retrospective Effect

ALLAHABAD FULL BENCH DECISION ON JAUNPUR APPEAL

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 27.

A Full Bench of the Allahabad High Court held to-day that Ordinance No. 2 of 1942 (the Special Criminal Courts Ordinance) was not 'ultra vires' of the Governor-General and that offences committed even before August 12, 1942, the day when the Ordinance was actually promulgated in U P. could be tried by Special Magistrates appointed under the Ordinance.

This was decided when the Full Bench dismissed a criminal revision which had been filed by Mr. Saligram and thirty others who had been tried by a Special Magistrate for an offence under Sec. 395 of the I.P.C. committed on August 14, 1942.

Some accused had been sentenced by the Special Magistrate at Jaunpur to various terms of imprisonment and when they appealed to the Sessions Judge against this order the Sessions Judge held that no appeal lay to him. The revision was against this order of the Sessions Judge.

The Full Bench consisting of the Chief Justice and Justices Collister and Bajpai upheld the Order of the Sessions Judge.

THREE FINDINGS

The three points raised before the Full Bench were that the Ordinance was 'ultra vires' of the Governor-General; secondly, that even if it was not so, it could not apply to the offences committed before August 20 and thirdly that the decision of the Sessions Judge that no appeal lay to him was erroneous.

All the three judges agreed that there was no substance in the first contention, and two of them were of further opinion that offences committed even before August 20 could be tried by Special Magistrates appointed under the Ordinance and that no appeal lay to the Sessions Judge.

Their Lordships refused to grant a certificate under Sec. 205 of the Government of India Act to appeal to the Federal Court as they considered that no substantial question of law as to the interpretation of Government of India or any order in Council arose in present case.—A.P.

In London

Indians Take Oath Of Independence

Muslims Whole-Heartedly Stand By Congress Demand, Says A. Shah

(From A Special Correspondent)

LONDON, Oct. 27.

An impressive gathering of Indians was held in Conway Hall, London, to demand "freedom for India now". Muslims, Sikhs and Hindus—men and women—flocked to the meeting in large numbers.

The Chairman, Mr A. Shah, a prominent Muslim businessman, replied to Mr. Churchill who said that 90 million Muslims were against the Congress and that the League represented the Muslims.

"We, Muslims, are whole-heartedly with the Congress in its demand for India's independence", declared Mr. Shah amidst prolonged cheers.

OATH AND VOW

The most inspiring feature of the gathering was the ceremony of taking the oath of independence and vow of solidarity with the Congress by Indians present among the audience.

At the request of Mr. Amiya Bose, son of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, India's sons and daughters rose to their feet and solemnly dedicated themselves to India's cause of freedom repeating the oath administered by Mr. Bose.

Dasara Function In London

(From A Special Correspondent).

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The Hindu Association of Europe celebrated Dasara on Sunday last by holding a dinner in Comedy Restaurant, Piccadilly, London. Over 100 prominent Indians attended.

ATTACK ON U-BOATS IN BAY OF BISCAY

LONDON, Oct. 27.

Dealing with the R. A. F.'s measures to hamper U-boat activities in the Bay of Biscay the Air Minister Sir A. Sinclair speaking in London to-day said that twelve Axis aircraft were shot down in the Bay of Biscay last month and attacks on submarines were 45 per cent greater than in any previous month.

"A consistent 'blitz' of the scale of 1940 and 1941 is not I think likely to happen again but there must be no complacency". Sir A. Sinclair said. "If we have learned better defence they have learned from us better forms of attack. Their bombs are bigger and explosives more powerful". Sir Archibald added that the Germans would get a very hot reception if they did come over Britain in force. The victories of the three years he said, ring hollow to the Germans.

IN A RING

'They are surrounded and hemmed in. There is a great ring round them with ourselves and the Dominions and our Allies and exiled nations with Americans holding the west and south and the Russians holding the east.

There was and is no outlet for the caged beast in the west. Desperately he tries to force an outlet in the east but the brave and indomitable Russians hold him in check".—Reuter.

Wanted Heroic Fight To Beat Japan

FORMER U. S. AMBASSADOR WARNS AGAINST COMPLACENCY

NEW YORK, October 27.

The former United States Ambassador to Japan, Mr. Joseph Grew, gave a warning in a speech today against foolish optimism and complacent self-confidence about the war with Japan.

The following assumptions should be avoided:—

That Japanese cities are flimsy and cannot survive incendiary air raids.

That the Japanese can be starved into submission and that they are less formidable because they are not free.

"The Japanese work well under orders—they are disciplined," Mr. Grew said. "They will not bend. They will fight until they can do it no longer." Their cities were built to withstand earthquake shock, fire and concussion.

Unlike Britain, Japan produced food for all her inhabitants.

Japan was well equipped for sea-warfare but Japan could and must be defeated," said Mr. Grew adding: "Our efforts cannot and must not be less than heroic. We cannot fight partially, tentatively and dubiously against men who are fighting body and soul under a frenzy of fanaticism exploited by a dictatorship."

MORE MONEY FOR NAVY

WASHINGTON:—Another fifteen-thousand million dollars were made available today to make still more shattering the United States Navy's offensive power when President Roosevelt signed the second Supplemental Wartime Appropriation and Contract Authorisation Bill.—Reuter.

Pre-Censorship In Sind

Editors' Conference Plea To Home Minister To Follow Bombay Example

KARACHI, Oct. 27.

A meeting of the Karachi Newspaper Editors under the Chairmanship of Mr. M. S. M. Sharma, Editor, "Daily Gazette," unanimously endorsed the A. I. N. E. C.'s main Bombay resolution protesting against pre-censorship and demanding a new rule on the basis of certain restrictions imposed by editors on themselves for factual reporting of events.

The meeting also requested the Sind Government to accept the A. I. N. E. C.'s lead as it is based on the formula already functioning in Bombay, as a result of agreement between the Bombay Government and the Bombay Provincial Press Advisory Committee.

Mr. M. H. Gazder, Home Minister, and Mr. S. H. Raza, Provincial Press Adviser, who were present by invitation were presented with the Karachi resolution. The Home Minister promised sympathetic consideration and urged the editors in the meantime to form a local committee on terms of the A.I.N.E.C.'s advice.—A.P.

YOU'D HARDLY BELIEVE!

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The following story is given in "Daily Telegraph's" 'Gossip Column': An English lawyer entertaining a member of the New York Bar now in the United States Army showed his American guest Gandhiji's picture saying 'You would hardly believe it, but Gandhiji used to be a lawyer."

Jap Advance Forced Back

CHUNGKING, October 27.

Japanese forces which recently attempted to advance southward from Kinhwa, the capital of Chekiang ('Bomb Tokyo') Province have retreated back into the city after a minor skirmish with Chinese forces, a Chinese military spokesman said today.—Reuter.

SMUTS VISITS LONDON DOCKS

LONDON, October 27.

Making a downriver cruise in a naval tender Gen. Smuts today visited London's dockland and inspected docking facilities, river-side damage and bombed areas.—Reuter.

BRITAIN'S GRATITUDE TO AMERICA

LONDON RECEPTION TO MRS. ROOSEVELT

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The desire of the British people for Anglo-American understanding was stressed by Mr. Eden when proposing Mrs. Roosevelt's health at a reception given to her in London to-day. Like all things that were really worthwhile, he said Anglo-American understanding needed an effort.

"I would like in your name to-day and in the presence of so many of my colleagues in Government to promise our guest that the British people are determined to make that effort with deeper sincerity and firmer conviction than ever before in all our history." Saying that Americans were now in Britain, Mr. Eden added, "We hope that when final victory is won and they go back to their own land they will take back happy memories of the British people among whom they have lived. We hope this fervently because we believe there is no limit to what our two peoples can achieve together for the greater happiness of mankind.'

Mrs. Roosevelt said the other day that the British people knew little of the United States and the United States knew little of the British, he said. That was true. Mr. Eden referred to British ignorance of American history and said: "If I read current periodicals in the United States aright, there is perhaps not yet very deep knowledge in America of the meaning of the British Commonwealth".

Earlier, Mr. Eden recalled how America had sent hundreds of thousands of weapons to Britain in 1940 when Britain stood alone and said "we shall never forget that and we shall never cease to be grateful for it".

Mr. Eden added "we like to think in this country that among our qualities is that we remember our friends and we remember especially those who stood by us in the darkest times"

Mrs. Roosevelt who was given a tumultuous reception from the gathering which included Mr. Attlee and other Cabinet Ministers said that the American desire to know about the British people was great and she doubted if any of young American soldiers could be in Britain long without sensing the spirit of the people here which made it possible for them to live through the last few years.

Referring to the growing understanding between the British and American people, she hoped it might mean "we will use our combined strength to help the world as a whole and that we may not live through periods such as this again".

Mrs. Roosevelt concluded "I look to your young people and to your young people to be the kind of people most of us would like to be and really to achieve some of the things we hoped to achieve twenty odd years ago and which now we must achieve—as we will achieve—at the end of the war: and then I hope to win the peace".—Reuter.

LATE NEWS

KOJIBYCHEV, Oct. 27

The Chinese Ambassador left to-day at 1 p.m. for China to attend the tenth Kuomingtang Congress.

WASHINGTON: The President's eldest son Major James Roosevelt of the United States Marines has been ordered hospital treatment for recurrence of stomach trouble as a result of tough service fare when supposed to be on special diet. He had lost fourteen pounds in weight.

LONDON: Mr. Edmund Somerville Tattersall, senior partner in the famous firm of Messrs. Tattersall, bloodstock auctioneers, died yesterday in his eightieth year.

ABERDEEN: The Aberdeen Town Council decided to-day to confer the freedom of the city on Field-Marshal Smuts.—Reuter.

NEW YORK COTTON

To-day's closing	.....	18.40
Difference	....	+08

'Police Had No Cause To Open Fire'

UNANIMOUS VERDICT OF CORONER'S JURY ON DEATH BY BULLET WOUNDS OF PERSON WHO SHOUTED "MAHATMA GANDHI-KI-JAI"

"From the evidence before us, we are unanimously of the opinion that the death of Devoo Ganpat was caused by the wound of one of the bullet shots fired by two police officers".

The jurors added: "Although we strongly condemn and deplore acts of hooliganism, we are sorry to say that in the present case, the police had no cause to open fire".

Unanimous Verdict

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

This unanimous verdict of the city coroner's jury, given after several hearings brought to an end an inquest which had been going for more than a month.

Mr. Mohanlal Desai, who with Mr. K. M. Desai appeared on behalf of the relatives of the accused, in his address to the jury lasting over an hour appealed to them to exercise their sacred function as jurors in an impartial, independent and unprejudiced manner.

An innocent young man he said by name Devoo Ganpat going along the footpath of the Hospital Avenue Road was the unfortunate victim of police firing on August 11. Sub-Inspector Palin, Mr. Mohanlal asserted "had killed" the man. Two sets of witnesses had given evidence in the inquest proceedings. The police version showed that a crowd of more than two hundred persons shouted slogans and pelted stones at a police party and they, in self-defence opened fire. As against this, five independent witnesses, four of whom were doctors had deposed that there was no crowd at all when the police fired at Devoo Ganpat and that there was no stone-throwing. It was true he said that the deceased shouted "Mahatma Gandhi-ki-jai" but that was no offence even according to law, argued Mr. Mohanlal. He accused the police for not making exhaustive and complete inquiries in the case and they had cited only interested witnesses to prop up their case. Not a single independent witness had been produced by the police.

"NOT JUSTIFIED IN FIRING"

He further stated that the police were not in the least justified in resorting to firing. There was no justification or provocation for it. It was not done in accordance with the provisions of the City Police Act. Neither was it done in self-defence. He had no hesitation in characterising the police officer's shooting as "deliberate, wanton, reckless and unwarranted shooting of an innocent man." And this officer was a raw and inexperienced officer, who did not know his responsibilities. Concluding he appealed to the members of the jury to weigh and analyse the evidence and to return a fair and impartial verdict.

POLICE CONTENTION

Mr. Sonavane, Police prosecutor, in his address stated that as there was a national movement, it was difficult to get members of the public as witnesses. The police, he maintained were perfectly justified in resorting to drastic action.

CORONER SUMS UP

The Coroner, summing up the evidence stated that none of the doctors had identified the officer who fired shots at the deceased. The only witness, who had identified Sub-Inspector Palin was cycle-shop assistant and he advised the jurors not to accept his evidence. "If there was nothing, why did the police open fire at all?" stated the Coroner and added "The police were not making a show". As regards the evidence of doctors, he wanted the jurors to remember that one of the newspapers had reported that the medical students had participated in the disturbances on the day in question and the reputation of the college being at stake, they had come to give evidence.

The jurors then retired and after about 15 minutes announced their unanimous verdict.

The Government of Travancore have prohibited the export of sugarcane from the State except under a permit issued by the Excise Commissioner or other officer specially authorised.

Wet Blanket For Willkie

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.

Mr. Willkie's references to India in his broadcast resulted in questions being asked of the Secretary of State at a Press Conference today.

Mr. Hull said that the United States Government, of course, was interested in the British-Indian situation, which it was closely observing and watching for opportunities to give full attention feasible in the situation.

The Secretary, asked for comment on Mr. Willkie's remarks about United States policy regarding India, replied emphasizing that he was not commenting on Mr. Willkie or anyone in particular. He declared that he did not think there was much he could add to what he said in the past regarding the United States' attitude to India and declared that while some Americans had something to say daily on some phase of the problem, he thought it had been made clear already what the United States Government's attitude was.—Reuter.

(SEE PAGE 8)

MALI INJURED IN BOMB EXPLOSION

POONA, Oct 27.

An explosion occurred this afternoon inside the compound of the Shivaji Maratha High School as a result of which the Mali of the school is stated to have been injured. He was immediately removed to hospital.—A. P.

BOMB EXPLOSION IN MAIL TRAIN

POONA, Oct. 27.

An explosion of a crude country-made bomb is reported to have occurred in one of the carriages of the Hubli-Poona Mail near Nira station early this morning. Three persons are stated to have received injuries as a result.—A. P

A crude bomb exploded in the verandah of a house in Bardoli, says a report published in the "Pratap" to-day. None was injured.—A. P.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS
1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1

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Wanted experienced, educated ladies and gentlemen to discuss Parsi problems through novelettes, Box No. 112, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Marathi Tutoress one hour daily and a little English knowing man for Office. Pay 15|—25|- respectively. Apply personally, American Homoclinic, Eusuf Building, Flora Fountain. (122)

Wanted a probationary Nurse, small pay. Please apply stating age, experience and salary required at once, Box No. 121, "Bombay Chronicle."

Lady Secretary required preferably graduate with some experience. Excellent prospects for satisfactory incumbent. Please apply to Box No. 92, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted:—150 Candidates, desirous of services as Station Masters, Signallers and Clerks, etc. Free training, lodging, Guarantee for Employment, Prize Rs. 80|- and Rail fare terms. Apply with stamp to:—The Superintendent, Railway Training School, Ambala City. (16979)

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Wanted Lady Tutor to teach English to young ladies of aristocratic family in Central Province. Please apply A. A. K. Shaikh, Esq., Warden Road, Bombay. (102)

Wanted Immediately One Asstt. Soap Chemist, who should have thorough knowledge of soap boiling (Hot process) by steam and in the Machineries of Toilet Soap. Please state your experience and minimum pay acceptable to Modi Soap Works, Begamabad, Distt. Meerut. (2132)

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Wanted for Mithapur, Kathiawad, qualified and experienced Accounts Clerks with proficiency in Mathematics. Must be ready for immediate engagement. Applications (with testimonials) giving full particulars and terms required should be sent to Tata Chemicals, Ltd., Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, not later than 10th November. 2190

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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
CIVIL DEFENCE DEPARTMENT

APPOINTMENTS OF AREA ORGANISERS AND SENIOR AND JUNIOR WARNING OFFICERS.

THE METHOD of selection for the above posts has now been decided on. Notices will shortly be issued to selected applicants giving a fixed place, time and date at which they should present themselves for an interview. No other interviews will be given and any attempt at personal canvassing will result in the immediate disqualification of the candidate.

J. S. VORLEY,
Deputy Director (Warnings)
2183

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for reconditioning of scrap brass boring quality No. 1, available at the Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel. Tender forms obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2/- per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date THURSDAY, the 12th November, 1942, at 3 p.m. (S.T.). 2080.

G. I. P. RAILWAY

CHANGES IN RATES & FARES

IN ORDER that the Public may be advised when Changes in Rates and Fares are introduced on the G. I. P. Railway, an announcement will be inserted in this paper from time to time notifying the issue of G. I. P. Rates Circulars, which contain all changes in rates and fares both in local and in through booking with other Railways. 2115

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Wanted 10 Multiple Box Looms of 32", 36", or 40|Reed Space, Eccles Patent or Swivel Box type will be suitable. Write to Box No. 2138, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Wanted: Old Untorn Newspaper Times, Chronicle, Jame, Samachar, Weekly, etc. Rs. 8|- to Rs. 9|- per md. Mr. Jesia, Godrej & Boyce, 299, Kalbadevi, between 10 and 11. T. 22110. 81

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Public Notices

WESTERN INDIA SPG. & MFG. CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Share Certificate in respect of one Share No. 708 of the Company, standing in the name of Mr. Amritlal Bapoobhai Desai of Bulsar has been LOST or MISPLACED and an application for issuing a duplicate for the same has been made to the Company. Any person being in possession of the said share certificate or having any interest in the same is hereby requested to bring the same to the notice of the Company within one month from the date hereof, after which time a duplicate share certificate will be issued without having any regard to the claims that may be preferred thereafter.

THACKERSEY MOOLJEE SONS & COMPANY.
Agents.
16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
26th October, 1942. 2192

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

TENDERS for the supply of all or any of the articles of diets to the Arthur Road and Maratha Hospitals, five Maternity Homes and the Turner Sanatorium for one year from 1-3-1943 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on 11-11-1942 not later than 1 P. M. (B. T.)

The diets will be exclusive of Milk.

Tenderers may, if they so desire, quote separately for vegetarian and non-vegetarian articles as well as for diets with or without mutton and fish. Tenders will be accepted as a whole or split up in parts at the discretion of the Municipal Commissioner.

The Tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed "Tender for the supply of diets, etc. to the Health Department" addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.

Forms of tender, specifications, etc. will be issued to the applicant on payment of Rupee one only by the undersigned from whom further information can be obtained.

The amount of the Tender deposit to be paid along with the tender is Rs. 500|- only.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
B. C. DASGUPTA,
Executive Health Officer.

Public Health Department,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 27-10-1942. 2196

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1154 of 1942.

(1) KESHAVJI GOVERDHANDAS SHROFF and (2) PADAMSI HARIDAS GAGWANI, both Executors of the last Will and Testament of Vallabhdas J. Sampat deceased ..... Plaintiffs.

Versus

(1) SAKHARAM VITHAL RAO, (2) NARAYAN GANPAT RAO, (3) LAXMIBAI, widow of Vishvanath Dinanath Rao and (4) SITABAI RAMRAO VISHVANATH RAO, the defendants 3 and 4 whose whereabouts are not known ..... Defendants.

To,

LAXMIBAI, widow of Vishvanath Dinanath Rao and SITABAI RAMRAO VISHVANATH RAO, the defendants 3 and 4 abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiffs have filed the above suit 'inter alia' against you praying that the property mentioned in Ex. 'A' to the plaint be partitioned between the parties entitled thereto and the plaintiffs' share therein or in the sale proceeds thereof or the value thereof be handed over to them, that the 1st defendant do render an account of the rents and profits of the said property from 16th September, 1935, and to pay to the plaintiffs their share in such rents and profits, for receiver and interim receiver costs and further and other reliefs.

And you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 4th day of January, 1943, at 11 o'clock (S.T.) in the forenoon with all your witnesses, documents, etc. And you are hereby required to note that in default of your appearance the suit will be heard 'ex parte' as the date fixed for your appearance is for the final disposal of the suit.

Dated this 18th day of September 1942.

K. K. DASTUR,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master,
Messrs. FERREIRA & VALLABHDAS,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
(2194)

Public Notices

NOTIFICATION.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the general information of all concerned that Messrs. The International Trading Corporation, 386, Lamington Road, Bombay 4, have been appointed as Chief Agents of the MUSLIM INDIA INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., LAHORE, for Bombay Presidency, with effect from 1st October, 1942.

DR. M. S. MUTTAQI,
Managing Director.
(126)

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for building quarters in Bombay. Value worth Rupees one lakh before 2nd November, 1942, from approved parties or firms. Apply with earnest money Rs. 200|- to the undersigned though he does not bind himself to accept any highest or lowest tender.

M. N. PATEL.
4th Floor, Krishna Bldg.,
Hornby Road, Fort. 130

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHANTIDAS KHETSEY and Bai UJAMBAI, wife of Shantidas Khetsey of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim, interest or demand whatsoever against in or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, gift, inheritance, mortgage, lease, charge, lien, trust, easement, maintenance, share, possession, coparcenary rights or otherwise howsoever in the said property or any part thereof, are hereby required to give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 65, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which the said sale will be completed without reference to any such sale, interest or demand howsoever and the same (if any) shall be treated and considered as having been waived and abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land and ground with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 1401 square yards or thereabouts situate on and being plot No. 446 of the Dadar-Matunga Estate of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay and bounded on the North-East by 40 feet Road, on the South-East by Kings Way on the South-West by plot No. 447 of the Dadar-Matunga Estate of the Corporation agreed to be leased to A. M. Trivedi and another, on the North-West by plots No. 428 and 434A of the said Dadar-Matunga Estate of the Corporation agreed to be leased to Hindu Women's Rescue Home Society and which premises form portion of the New Survey No. 812 and which bears Cadastral Survey No. 387/10 Matunga Division and are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 7647 Street No. 1414.

Dated this 27th day of October, 1942.

MOHILE PAREKH & MANECKLAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
2193

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the business in partnership carried on upto 14th January, 1942, Shop No. 527|659 at Gaumukh Gulli, Mulji Jetha Market in Bombay in the name, firm and style of Messrs. Mansukhlal Shivlal & Co., between Mansukhlal Shivlal and Manilal Maganlal the partners therein has as from the said 14th day of January, 1942, been DISSOLVED and as from the said 14th day of January, 1942, the said Mansukhlal Shivlal alone carries on business in the aforesaid firm name at the same place and the said Manilal Maganlal has no rights as a partner therein and the said Mansukhlal Shivlal is alone entitled to all the assets and outstandings of the said late partnership and to receive and recover and give discharges for the same and he will pay and discharge the liabilities of the said late partnership on account of the said late partnership.

Dated this 26th day of October, 1942.

PATHARE & LILADHAR,
Attorneys for
Mansukhlal Shivlal.
(2168)

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SHAMJI WALJI and Bai NANDKOREBAI, wife of the said Shamji Walji, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell to my client free from all encumbrances their separate and self acquired immovable property situate at Kolbhat Lane in the Town and Island of Bombay, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 740 of Bhuleshwar Division admeasuring about 212 square yards and Bombay Municipality C Ward Nos. 3105-06 and Street Nos. 34 to 28 and bounded, on the East, West and North by the property of Ravji Premji and on the South by the Kolbhat Lane.

Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever, is or are requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at Alli Chambers, 4th Floor Room No. 54, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, or at his residence at "Vaidya Cottage", Park Road, Vile Parle, Bombay No. 24 within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

Dated this 27th day of October 1942.

K. K. VAIDYA,
Attorney for the Purchaser.
2198

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai SOONABAI JAMSHEDJI BHARUCHA, Bai SHIRINBAI MERWANJI MASTER, Bai MEHERBAI RUSTOMJI CHINOY, Bai DINBAI HORMUSJI BHARUCHA and Bai SHIRIN HORMUSJI BHARUCHA have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to a client of ours.

Any person having any claim or interest against or in the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Oriental Bank Building, 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground 326 feet and 6 inches in length and 154 feet 6 inches in width together with the messuage tenement bungalow stable and out-houses standing thereon situate, lying and being in the Cantonment of Poona and in the Registration District of Poona, Sub-District Haveli, bearing No. 5, Napier Road and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North by Satara Road, on or towards the South by bungalow No. 7, on or towards the East by Napier Road and on or towards the West by an open space.

Dated this 28th day of October, 1942.

GOLWALLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
2189

3RD WEEK

RANJIT'S
Moonlit
Love Lit
Mirthlit
Musical

CHANDNI

Khurshid And Ishwarlal
Director: JAYANT DESAI
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
TO
THE SHORES OF TRIPOLI
—ALL IN TECHNICOLOR—
with
John PAYNE Maureen O'HARA
(Free List Suspended).

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

SALE WILL BE AT 3-30 P.M. (S.T.)

BONA-FIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE OF MODERN DINING, DRAWING AND BEDROOM FURNITURE.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction TO-DAY WEDNESDAY, the 28th October, 1942 at 3-30 p.m. (New S.T.) at No. 190 Ahmed Dewji Building, Chakla Street, Furniture Bazar, the undermentioned furniture such as:

Dining tables, chairs, sideboards, rich drawing room suites, show cases, compactum wardrobes, glass top teapoys, palm-stands, box spring beds, iron cots, dressing tables, fancy corner cabinets, hatstands and various other pieces of furniture.

On view.

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY.
SALE WILL BE HELD AT JALGAON

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT JALGAON (EAST KHANDESH) KNOWN AS "SHRI KRISHNA GINNING FACTORY AND OIL MILLS."

Under instructions from the Court Receiver High Court, Bombay as Receiver appointed in Suits No. 195 of 1942 and 197 of 1942 (Ratilal Bhaidas Daftari v|s Dwarkadas Bhaidas Daftari and ors.) and pursuant to the Consent Order dated 9th April, 1942 and Order, dated 21st August, 1942, passed in the said two suits, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 30th October, 1942 at 4 P. M. (S. T.) on the premises at Jalgaon the undermentioned:—

All that piece of land of Maliki Tenure admeasuring about 11 Acres, 12 Gunthas and 81 sq. yds. with buildings, Ginning Factory, Oil Mills and Machinery, Engine and Boiler houses etc., situate at Jalgaon East Khandesh, bearing Collector's Revision Survey Nos. 206, 207, 226 and 227, City Survey Nos. 2679, 1982 and 1955 and bounded on the West by land R. S. No. 208 of Government High School, on the North by a public road, on the South by land R. S. Nos. 210, 211A, 211B and on the East partly by Public road and partly by plots of land formerly belonging to Shri Krishna Ginning Factory and Oil Mills.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Court Receiver High Court, Bombay or the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,
120, Apollo Street, Bombay.

Next Saturday

ZUHUR RAJA
RADHA RANI
URMILA
★
In Eastern's 1st Social
'BADAL'
'New India' Release
Gala TRIPLE Premiere
Next Saturday
at the
NOVELTY, EDWARD
AND
CHITRA

HELD OVER 3RD WEEK
SUPER
Daily: 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
'CHANDRA' Picture
Starring:
LALITA PAWAR
JEEVAN, NANDREKAR,
YAKUB, LEELA, MARUTI
मायाबाजार
'ROYAL'—RELEASE No. 17
LAUGH—RIOT FOR 155 MINUTES

JABAKUSUM
Healthy Hair is the most treasured asset of all women. Luxuriant hair adds to natural beauty.
JABAKUSUM HAIR OIL grows lovely hair and ensures perfect hair health.
Agents:
ANCHANLAL VADILAL,
Princess St.,
Bombay 2.
C. K. SEN & Co. LTD.
JABAKUSUM HOUSE CALCUTTA

ZENANA SHOW
Tomorrow at 12-30
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
ROTI
AT
SWASTIK
10th WEEK
Daily: 3-45, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
Also Showing
SIR SYED AHMED

An Avalanche Of Laughs!
NAVYUG'S Laugh-Riot
STATE GUESTS
(Sarkari Pahune)
A 'Winayak' Production
7th WEEK at
KRISHNA
Daily 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.

The Screen's most favourite Star Pair
MUMTAZ SHANTI
and ULLHAS
In
BOMBAY TALKIES'
BASANT
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
MAJESTIC

LAST 3 DAYS ONLY!
"SOCIETY"
SITARA—NAZIR
Daily at 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
From SATURDAY 31st!
EASTERN PICTURES
Present
"BADAL"
URMILLA—JAHUR RAJA
CHITRA
Vincent Road, DADAR
LAST 2 DAYS ONLY!
BLOOD & SAND
(TECHNICOLOR)
Daily at 4-30, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
PARADISE
MAHIM

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

IT HAS CAUGHT THE IMAGINATION OF IMAGINATIVE PEOPLE!

M. P. PRODUCTIONS JAWAB DIRECTION P. C. BARUA

KANAN, JAMUNA, BARUA

3rd Week of Over Full Houses

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

Timings Of Mail And Express Trains At Victoria Terminus

A revised time table will come into force from 1st November 1942, and the arrivals and departures of the G.I.P. Rly.'s Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus will be as shown below:—

Trains.	Arrivals. H. M.
Madras Mail	7 00
Peshawar Express	7 25
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	10 15
Poona Mail	10 40
Deccan Queen	11 00
Madras Express	12 25
Punjab Mail	15 35
Calcutta Mail via Allahabad	18 45
Poona Express	19 30
Bhusawal Express	21 05
Poona Past Passenger	21 55

	Departures H. M.
Bhusawal Express	7 00
Poona Express	8 10
Poona Fast Passenger	11 40
Punjab Mail	14 15
Madras Express	14 35
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	16 30
Deccan Queen	17 15
Poona Mail	17 55
Calcutta Mail via Allahabad	19 15
Peshawar Express	21 0
Madras Mail	21 50

A BLIND BEGGAR GIRL CHANGED THE LIFE OF A MAN—

MY EYES

Starring:
KHURSHID, MAZHAR, ISHWARLAL, SITARA, TRILOK—
GOING STRONG AT
BROADWAY
DADAR
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

MODERN 'DARLINGS' ARE DARING TOO!

SADHONA BOSE
India's streamlined star and Danseuse of Repute Interprets Enticingly & Charmingly this Lovable character
IN
'MEENAKSHI'
with
NAJAM, AHIN CHOWDHURY, K. C. DEY, PANNA, SANDHYARANI, Etc.
Direction:—MODHU BOSE
Music:—PUNKAJ MULLICK
NEW THEATRES' Newest creation!
NEXT CHANGE AT .....
KRISHNA

From SATURDAY NEXT
INDIA NEEDS HIM TO-DAY!
★A GREAT PATRIOT
and
★A GREAT SAINT
WHO LIVED & SUFFERED FOR ONE CAUSE: HINDU-MUSLIM UNITY!
UNITY Productions Stupendous Screen Sensation
BHAKTA–KABIR
SAHIB KABIR
Starring:
MEHTAB
MAZHAR, BHARAT-BHUSHAN & thousand others.
Direction:
Mr. R. SHARMA
From SATURDAY 31st Oct. at
MINERVA
(Advance Booking at the Theatre between 10 & 12 a. m.)
(A Bharat Pictures Release)

HER SILENCE WAS ELOQUENT!
3 Third Week
Tale of A Typical Indian Girl
ACHARYA ART'S Pastoral Idyll!
ULJHAN
Starring—
SARDAR AKHTAR
MAZHAR
KRISHNAKANT
Producer—Director:—
N. R. ACHARYA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m. Sun. and Holidays at 12-30 a.m.
ROXY
A Bharat Pictures Release

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Aswin Vad 4, 1998
Muslim: Savval 17, 1361
Parsi: Ardibehest 24, 1312
Sunrise: 7-39 a.m. Sunset: 7-6 p.m.
Hightide: 2-12, 13-54, Lowtide 8-04, 19-53

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

ROXY—"Uljhan" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
REGAL—"To The Shores of Tripoli" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Pimpernel Smith" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Roti" 3-45, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"My Eyes" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Atlantic Ferry" 3-30 6-30 and 9-30
EXCELSIOR—"Skylark" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
NEW WEST-END—"Khan-Daan" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Vanmala" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"The Thief of Bagdad" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
AURORA—"Swamp Water" 4, 6-30 and 10
CHITRA—"Society" 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Apna-Ghar" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
MAJESTIC—"Basant" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
SUPER—"Mamaji" 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Ujli-Ganga" 4-30, 7 and 9-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"State Guests" 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Swami" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Chandni" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jawab" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Station Master" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CITY LIGHT—"Shadi" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Zevar" 4-30 7-15 and 10 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH.

MASANI—Ardeshir Maneckji Hormusji, Bar-at-Law, brother of Bai Jerbai Nanabhoy Masani and son-in-law of the late Sorabji Edulji Captain of Poona. Funeral to-day at Dungerwadi Upper Bangli at 8-30 a. m. (New S. T.).

DADAR KHADI BHANDAR: A. I. S. A. Khadi Bhandar at D'Silva Road, Dadar, (B. B.) will remain closed to-day (Wednesday) on account of its stock taking.

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY: A clinical meeting of the Society will be held at Grant Medical College Library to-day (Wednesday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.).

PARSI A. & C. EXHIBITION: The Exhibition of the Parsee Arts and Crafts will be held under the auspices of the Parsee Bekari Fund, at the Sir Cawasji Jehangir Hall, from 30th October to 3rd November (10 a.m. to 12 noon and 4 p.m. to 8 p.m.).

RAMAYAN RECITATION: Under the auspices of the Arya Samaj Dr. K. B. Patel will recite Ramayan illustrating the events by magic lantern, to-day (Wednesday), at 8 a.m. at Raja Bahadur Mansion, Opp. Central Station.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: A public Study Class on "The Earth Chain" from An Epitome of Theosophy by W. Q. Judge, will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp. Flora Fountain All are cordially invited.

B. C. MARKETING SOCIETY LTD: The first annual general meeting of the members of the Bombay Co-operative Marketing Society Ltd. will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the Hall of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Institute, 9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort, Bombay.

B. P. HINDU SABHA: The Working Committee meeting of the Bombay Provincial Hindu Sabha passed the following resolution on Sunday under the presidentship of Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole:—(1) "This meeting of the Working Committee of the B.P.H. Sabha supports the idea of sending a Deputation consisting of Dr. Munje and others to the U.S. America and England to acquaint the public of America and England, mainly about the Unity on national demands achieved by the Hindu Mahasabha and also to explain them the ideology, policy and programme of the Mahasabha." (2) "This meeting protests against the order of the Police Commissioner prohibiting the holding of the Annual Dassera meeting organised by the Y.M.H.A. and the Hindu Sanrakshak Mandal."

MUTUAL HELPING SOCIETY: An informal meeting between some enthusiastic social workers of Naigaon (Dadar) locality and the office-bearers of the Mutual Helping Society, Bombay, was arranged at Ahmad Sailor Building on Sunday, under the presidency of Mr. V. J. Upasani. Speeches were made stressing the need to have a centre of the Mutual Helping Society opened at Naigaon. Mr. K. V. Hardikar explained the condition of the working class people in that locality and made it clear as to how they were urgently in need of preliminary medical aid as was afforded by the Mutual Helping Society at other centres in Bombay. It was decided unanimously to start a branch of the Mutual Helping Society at Naigaon, Dadar. (Ahmed Sailor Building No. 3.) from Monday (6th November, 1942.).

B. B. And C. I. Railway Triumphant

DR. DAS CUP FINAL.

The final match in the Das Cup Football Tournament had to be played twice at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana Ground, Parel, with extra time in the replay before a decision could be arrived at on Monday evening. The contestants were the B. B. and C. I. Railway and Bhoiwada Sports Club, winners of the Second and Third Divisions of the Harwood League respectively.

Bhoiwada had not only the better of the exchanges on both occasions but had innumerable chances of scoring. Bad shooting on the part of their forwards and excellent goal keeping by the Railway Custodian, Wright, deprived Bhoiwada of a deserving victory. On the second day they were favoured with a spot-kick which Bablia failed to convert. When a third meeting appeared imminent, Leslie Woodcock scored the winning goal in the last minute of the extra time to the utter discomfiture of the Bhoiwada supporters. Thus the Railway won by a solitary goal.

Referee: S. C. Ghosh.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

After the match Mr. J. C. Maitra, President of the Indian Football League, expressed the grateful thanks of his Committee to all those who had helped to make the tournament and the concluding season a success. Then he congratulated the B.B. and C.I. Railway on their lucky victory and hoped that Bhoiwada, who had made remarkable progress this season would have better luck next year. Mr. Maitra also thanked Mr. Haji Mahomed Haji Ahmed Agboatwalla, President of the Muslims Sports Club, for donating a fine Challenge Cup for the runners-up.

Mrs. G. C. Mitter, wife of one of the Vice-Presidents of the I. F. L. distributed the trophies and medals to the winners and runners-up.

"Muslim Times"

The first number of the "Muslim Times", Bombay's new Gujarati evening daily, is out. The aims and objects of the promoters of the concern are to arouse political, and general awakening among the Muslims of Gujarat and Kathiawar. Mr. Syed Hussain Uraizi, in response to the advice of his friends like Mr. Mahammad Monvelwada, has thought it advisable to embark on this venture, which, Mr. Monvelwada hopes, will prove successful—"the more so when a powerful institution like the Muslim League having 'the Press Fund of lakhs of rupees' has not yet been able to publish a Gujarati daily" in Bombay.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

Vishvanath Ganesh Nimbkar, a clerk who was arrested on Sunday for leading a procession was sentenced to three months' R.I.

Sub-Inspector S. H. J. Kanga of the Andheri Police arrested Vishnu Ragu, Gagnath Ragu and Shivram Vithal on Monday morning for taking out a procession on Versova Road. They were later placed before Mr. R. D. Mody, First Class Magistrate, Bandra, who sentenced them to six months' R.I. each.

It is alleged, whilst the above persons were being brought to the Court, a crowd of 15 persons followed them shouting anti-war slogans, Gopinath Krishna Kaskar who was alleged to be leading the crowd was arrested.

DULL VOTING IN MUNICIPAL BYE-ELECTION

Seven Persons Arrested For Alleged Impersonation

Voting was extremely slack in the Municipal bye-election from Ward No. 15, Sewri and Naigaum, which was held at the municipal playground near the Dadar Court on Tuesday.

Mr. Ganpat Mahadeo Jadhav and Mr. Keshavrao Nilkanth Joglekar are contesting the seat. The vacancy was caused due to the absence on account of detention of Mr. Joglekar, one of the candidates.

There are 13,257 voters on the electoral roll of these only about 750 recorded their votes.

Seven persons were handed over to the police by the Polling Superintendent for alleged impersonation

The counting of votes will take place to-day (Wednesday).

Bomb Explodes In High Court

A crude bomb exploded in the Bombay High Court late on Monday afternoon. There was no one in the room during the explosion, the High Court being closed for the vacation.

Another bomb was located on the premises in an unexploded condition while a sweeper was cleaning a room.

Police Constable To Serve 3 Months' R. I.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court awarded a sentence of three months' rigorous imprisonment to Daulat Mumbaji, a police constable who was arrested on September 25 while picking up a bottle of sodium chloride at Ballard Pier.

The house of the accused was later searched when another bottle of sodium chloride was found there.

C. P. M. Dismisses Municipality's Suit Against Collector

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate, (Sitting Revenue Judge) dismissed to-day the suit which the Bombay Municipality had filed against the Collector of Bombay, challenging his right to assess the land occupied by the Crawford Market.

Charge Against Hotel-Keeper

Shantaram Venkataraman Bhatt, a hotel keeper who was suspected to have wrongfully confined two of his servants for more than thirteen hours was bailed out to-day by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

It was stated that the accused got angry with two of his servants as they had threatened to complain to their trade organisation about the non-payment of wages to them. He locked them up.

On receipt of information the police broke open the door and freed the boys.

Bandra Municipal Workers To Get Dearness Allowance At Govt. Rate

The Bandra Municipality Workers' strike has been called off and the workers have resumed duty on Saturday. The workers' went on strike on October 20, as the Municipal authorities refused to concede the Union's demand for an increase in the dearness allowance.

The Collector of the Bombay Suburban District who was interviewed by a strikers deputation gave the following reply:

"With reference to your interview with me to-day about the strike of the Municipal Sweepers at Bandra, I agree with you that the rate of dearness allowance to be paid to them should be based on the rate prevailing for menial servants in Government employment in the Bombay Suburban District, which is Rs. 6 from October 1st 1942. For the period before October 1, dearness allowance should be given according to the Government rate which was then prevailing, as long as it was more than the rate given by the Municipality. Payment should be made when the monthly pay for October is given.

I hope in the interests of public health that the men will return to work to-morrow, October 24, on these terms."

On this letter the workers resumed duty on Saturday.

In the meantime the Medical Officer of Health, who had prosecuted about 50 workers under Section III of the Municipal Servants Act and caused the City Magistrate at Bandra to issue summons against these workers has been asked by the Municipal President to drop the cases.

Supplementary M. B. B. S. Exam. Results

The following are the results of the Supplementary Third Examination for the Degrees of M.B.B.S. which was held in September last under the University of Bombay:

PASS NOS: 1 4 29 46 47 49 51 53 54 55 60 61 64 65 69 73 82 84 87 89 90 91 99 103 104 105 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 115 120 121 123 124 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139.

PASSED IN GROUP B ONLY: NOS: 11 20 97.

ON THE AIR

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 28.

DELHI I—Programme.

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. V. A Kagalkar. 5-20 Ishrat Begam. 5-35 For women. 6-45 R. R. Chowdhury. 7 Life in America. 7-15 Raj Kumari. 7-30 Ghalib ki Ghazlen. 7-45 For villagers only. 8-30 Voice of America. 8-45 R. R. Chowdhury. 8-55 Jawabi Hamla. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Sazon Ki Nok Jhok. 10 Remember the day. 10-20 Ishrat Begam. 10-30 V. A. Kagalkar.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Orchestra. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 Roshanara Begam. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 T. Shevalkar. 9-25 Ghazals. 9-35 Shakuntala Belvalkar. 9-45 Wamanbuwa N. Chapekar. 12-30 p.m. Sentimental songs. 12-45 News in Hindustani, 12-50 News in Marathi. 12-55 News in Gujarati. 1 Musical variety. 1-30 News in English. 1-40 Lunch-hour music. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Wamanbuwa N. Chapekar. 5-35. Shahir A. V. Muley. 5-45 Shakuntala Belvalkar. 5-55 Local news and announcements. 6 Nana Ani Mani. 6-30 News in English. 6-40 News in Hindustani. 6-45 News commentary. 6-50 Shakuntala Belvalkar. 7 Ap Se Milye. 7-15 T. Shevalkar. 7-30 Mammu Khan. 7-45 News in Marathi. 7-55 News in Gujarati. 8-5 "Czechoslovakia" Ladislav Urban's Talk in English. 8-15 Light selection. 8-30 Voice of America. 8-45 News review. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Air Orchestra. 10 Shahir A. V. Muley. 10-10 Roshanara Begam.

Bombay II—Programme

49.3 metres (6,085 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Gujarati geets. 8-15 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Jaltarang Solo. 9 Shahir A. V. Muley. 9 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

5 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

51.48 metres (4,930 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Roshanara Begam. 8-5 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 T. Shevalkar. 9-15 Wamanrao N. Chapekar. 9-30 Philharmonic Symphony Orchestra. 9-45 Chamber music.

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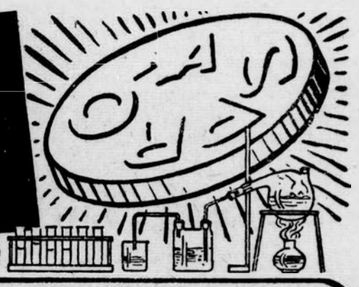

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(Signed) T. S. GLEN.

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Yours faithfully,
(Signed) W. SUTTON (Mrs.).

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The Bombay Chronicle

RAJAJI'S SCHEME

The same optimism which induced Mr. Rajagopalachari to devise a scheme of National Government in spite of the repeated refusal of the British Government to transfer power to India makes him feel that the immediate reactions to his proposal are encouraging. Indeed, it cannot be denied that the scheme has been approved by a fairly large section of the Indian press and by an influential paper like the "Daily Herald" in Britain. If some nationalists in India seem to be sceptical about it, it is not so much because of any imperfections therein as because of their suspicion that just at present the British Government are in no mood to accept any such scheme transferring power to India. Rajaji himself rightly observes that the main question is whether "the British have shed their fears and agree to link up the people with the State in India during and for the sake of the war". He suggests that if the British so agree his scheme could well be used as at least a basis for negotiations and that till they do so it is dangerous to discuss controversial details and "let the British find escape through our controversies or through dilemmas constructed with legendary election difficulties and responsibility conundrums."

Earnest Attempt

Let us now consider the reaction to Rajaji's scheme among the principal political parties in India. Congressmen out of jail have not cared to discuss the scheme for the simple reason that the first move must now come from Britain. Some Hindu Mahasabha leaders have not been kind to it as it seems to suggest that the Congress and the League are the only parties that count in deciding about the composition of the National Government. The League leaders are reticent on the scheme and are perhaps distrustful of its implications as they imagine them. Some have asked why Rajaji does not discuss it with Mr. Jinnah with a view to agreed modifications. Dr. Sayed Abdul Latif, who regards the scheme as an "earnest attempt to end the existing deadlock," is "doubtful whether the British Government or the Muslim League would easily agree to the proposal." This doubt is due to the Executive being made responsible to the Legislature even to the extent of being dismissable by it. Now the alternatives to this feature are either that the executive should be irresponsible or responsible to the Viceroy. But no one approves of the former course and the Congress will never accept responsibility to the Viceroy after seeing all that he or his masters are capable of doing in the name of war.

The Only Alternative

As regards the League's attitude towards the question of responsibility Dr. Latif remarks that the League may not accept it "without a categorical assurance from the British Government, on the one hand, and from the Congress, on the other, to the effect that the proposed arrangement will not in the least affect the Muslim right for self-determination when an independent constitution for India will be framed." And even apart from this he adds that "the League might insist on their proportion in the Executive Council to be reflected in the Legislature." There should be no difficulty about a categorical assurance by the Congress that the Provisional Government will not prejudice the right of the minorities to demand later whatever safeguards they wish to have. Beyond this the subject is essentially one for negotiations. Dr. Latif's own alternative suggestion, offered evidently as a safeguard against the risk of Rajaji's scheme being wholly rejected by the League, is "to convert the Viceroy's Executive Council in practice into a stable Cabinet possessing reality of power and composed of men enjoying the confidence of the leading political parties in the land." Now this was almost the language used by Rajaji himself and several other Congress leaders some months ago while discussing the Cripps' scheme. But then Sir Stafford Cripps himself and several others objected that such a stable ministry would be irresponsible. Rajaji's present scheme is partly in answer to that objection. All parties want real power. But real power for the country is incompatible with the National Government's responsibility to a non-Indian over whom it has no control whatsoever. The only feasible alternative is to make the National Government responsible to the nation, with such safeguards as may be agreed to by all concerned for the purpose of making the Government as stable and strong as the war conditions require and assuring the Muslims that their position regarding the future constitution will not be prejudiced. However, the details of Rajaji's scheme are best discussed only after the British Government agree to establish a real National Government.

Increasing Liveliness

Hong-Kong, we now learn, was subjected to two blows by General Stillwell's air forces. And both were remarkably successful. In these two raids the Americans, with the loss of one bomber and one fighter destroyed the only power station in the town, a petrol tank and a destroyer. These in themselves constitute a splendid result. In addition they shot down or damaged no fewer than thirty-seven Japanese aircraft—a record figure in China. General Stillwell's aircraft are also reported to have been active further south on the Indo-Chinese border. This resumption of aerial activity in China is, as we have said, particularly welcome because of the liveliness that has broken out on the Indo-Burma front.

Later reports from air headquarters in New Delhi show that the Japanese followed up their Sunday's raid on Chittagong and Assam aerodromes by another on a single aerodrome in Assam on Monday morning. It is gratifying to note that the first raid cost the Japs four planes and the second, which was on a noticeably minor scale, confined to only one aerodrome, also did not end without the loss of at least one. Allied arrangements for the reception of the "visitors" were evidently not inadequate. But why was the follow-up on such a small-scale? Is it that the Japanese air force in Burma needs to be used with great care and economy? Time alone will show. Meanwhile the R. A. F. have retaliated promptly with a daylight raid on Akyab. Things, as we say, are beginning to get lively. But what next and when?

Significant Warning

In a broadcast to his own people Mr. Tomokazu Hori, a spokesman of the Japanese Information Board, is reported to have said: "The war has entered a new stage. The first ten months of the hostilities in Greater East Asia is just the beginning of what is to come." What is to come is something definitely unpleasant. Indeed, in Mr. Hori's opinion, it is the much advertised United Nations' Second Front which "may take the shape of a general United States counter-attack against Japan." It is, of course, ridiculous that the Second Front the main objects of which are to divert the Wehrmacht from Russia and then to crush the Axis directly in Europe, will be launched against Japan. But it is, perhaps, the natural desire of Mr. Hori to impress the Japanese with the importance of Japan and also of the coming struggle and herein lies the significance of his broadcast.

Mr. Hori and, therefore, those, whose spokesman he is, are beginning to contemplate the future with anxiety. This is so much the fact that while Tokyo talked formerly of American preparations for, or attempt at, limited defensive counter-attacks they now speak of "a general United States counter-attack against Japan." A number of factors have contributed to this change in tune: Japan's tremendous losses and her inability to replace them; the check to drives in all directions; American counter-offensive activities and, above all, mounting production of armaments in the U.S.A. which Mr. Hori himself publicly admits. This last factor has already upset Japanese confidence to the extent that Mr. Hori is almost warning Japan of the turn of the tide. The tide, of course, has not yet turned against Japan. But it can, if the Allies so will it.

Frankly Speaking

Solomons Battles

Fighting in the Solomons area shows that Japan's all-out effort to recapture positions lost some months ago is now well under way. The assaults launched against the Americans in Guadalcanar on Friday are not only being persisted in but also intensified, with Jap naval units taking a hand, too. As a part of the same campaign naval forces are also reported to have clashed in the waters north of Guadalcanar. The battle between the Japanese and the American task force does not appear to have gone as satisfactorily as one would wish. True, two Jap aircraft carriers have been damaged but the extent of damage is not known and the Americans have lost one destroyer sunk and an aircraft carrier damaged. Aircraft, however, have tipped the balance in favour of the Americans by damaging a heavy cruiser and setting fire to a light one and another warship. Moreover, they have continued to work havoc among Jap planes attacking Guadalcanar.

A Bad Blow

But although the first results are not fully satisfactory the fact that Admiral Halsey is now flinging naval units into the battle is a welcome development. The situation in Guadalcanar is serious and it would be wrong to indulge in optimism about it. But one thing can be accepted as almost certain. Whatever now happens to American positions in the Solomons, the Japanese would have suffered heavily through damage and destruction among warships as well as merchantships and staggering loss of planes for any victory they might achieve; so heavily, indeed, that they would not be in a fit condition to start any major offensive movement for some months. This is not all. It would be hard work defending themselves against the mounting strength of the Allies in the South-west Pacific. This is true despite the blow which the loss of the aircraft carrier "Wasp" constitutes to the resources of Admiral Nimitz. For the "Wasp" was lost in mid-September and during the last three months alone no fewer than three new aircraft carriers have been launched in America. Since December the U.S.A. has lost three carriers. They have already been replaced.

Tough Fight

The Eighth Army launched its attack on Friday night and by Saturday night it had penetrated into the main defences of the enemy and captured some positions. No effort of Rommel has since succeeded in dislodging British troops from those positions. But it must also be noted that the Eighth Army, too, has not made any further progress since then. This fact emphasizes the difficult character of the fighting, and developments during the next few days will be watched not only with interest but with some concern also. One very satisfactory feature of the vital struggle is that the Allied Air Forces continue to remain on top. This feature is not only satisfactory but it is also positively hopeful.

The Sting Remains

The Indian members of the Viceroy's Council are said to be seriously considering what line of action they should take up in connection with Mr. Amery's insulting remark that the present European members are being retained because of the difficulty of finding suitable Indians for the posts. The subsequently published full text of his reply to a question on this subject states that there is no question of "the present European members being retained merely for the reason" suggested above. The word 'merely' shows that the difficulty of finding suitable opinions is not the only reason but there are several others. But the full statement is certainly not less insulting than the former message. If he did not mean what the words he used clearly convey, he should say so and withdraw the offensive suggestion. If he does not do so, the Indian members of the Viceroy's Council should take up the matter with him with as plain-speaking as they are capable of.

INTERNATIONAL CROOK ARRESTED

SYDNEY, Oct. 27.

The Premier of New South-Wales Mr. W. J. McKell announced that immediate action is being taken to have John Wolcott Forbes returned to Australia following his reported arrest in Mexico City. Mr. McKell told the Legislative Assembly that whatever action was necessary would be taken to bring Forbes to justice.

Forbes who is wanted here on a £ 461,500 alleged fraud charge disappeared from Australia early in 1939 and on January 13, 1939 a warrant was issued for his arrest.

Forbes was later arrested in Bombay on a conspiracy charge and was released on bail.

While a detective officer was en route to Bombay from Australia to escort him back to Australia under an extradition order, Forbes absconded and was believed to have gone to England. He was reported seen in various European cities before the war but efforts to apprehend him failed. According to a cabled report from Mexico City, Forbes is also wanted in Canada for a half million dollar alleged fraud.—Reuter.

Germans Forced To Remain On Defensive

Red Army Cossacks Make Night Sallies Into Enemy Strongholds Near Stalingrad

MOSCOW, October 27.

German losses in the last fortnight in their attempt to storm Stalingrad are estimated at least 30,000 men killed and 500 tanks and several hundred planes lost.

BATTALION OF ENEMY INFANTRY WIPED OUT

To-day's Soviet midday 'communique' states: "During the night of October 26th our troops fought the enemy in the area of Stalingrad and north-east of Tuapse. No changes took place on other fronts."

A supplement to the Soviet 'communique' says that in the area of Stalingrad stubborn fighting continues. In the northern part of the city, Soviet troops repulsed enemy attacks, destroying six enemy tanks and wiping out one battalion of enemy infantry. According to statements by German prisoners, companies in the German 305th division number only 20 to 30 men, the others having been either killed or wounded.

All Enemy Attacks Repulsed

The supplement to the 'communique' adds: In the southern sector of the city, Soviet troops counter-attacked destroying ten firing points and enemy strongpoints and wiping out four companies of enemy infantry. North-east of Tuapse, in western Caucasus, Soviet troops repulsed every attack. Losses were inflicted on the enemy. North-west of Stalingrad, Soviet troops fought the enemy who are suffering heavy losses. One Soviet unit killed 300 enemy and destroyed six tanks and four guns. In another sector, the Germans repeatedly attacked Soviet troops who had occupied an inhabited locality on the day previously.

All attacks were repulsed. East of Novorossisk, Western Caucasus, Soviet troops improved their positions.

Defences Along Black Sea Coast

LONDON, Oct. 27.

Reuter's special correspondent in Moscow says: Red Army Cossacks and Marines are to-day defending the approaches to the Black Sea coast in a vast semi-circle from north-east of Tuapse across the Caucasus tip to inland positions east of Novorossisk.

North-east of Tuapse where the coastal road is a narrow cornice dropping sheer to the sea, heavy fighting is taking place on passes and heavily timbered mountains.

Soviet scouting detachments are constantly passing the enemy rear and yesterday recaptured an enemy-occupied village behind the German lines.

The fighting in this whole area is on a very mobile front forming an unstable zigzag line. The Cossacks are making rapid long-distance night sallies into enemy strong-holds. The third Rumanian Mountain Rifle Division suffered heavily in recent fighting which brought the enemy some miles nearer Tuapse.

Soviet Troops Capture Much Booty

In fierce fighting in the past 12 hours north of Stalingrad, all German attacks have been repelled. In some sectors, Soviet troops counter-attacked capturing much booty. The situation remains tense.

In the southern outskirts of Stalingrad, the Germans have been forced to remain on the defensive. The Soviet forces have been exercising considerable pressure for the past fortnight. During six days active fighting, one Soviet division killed 4,000 Germans and Rumanians, destroyed 160 tanks and attacking again the past few days killed several thousands more. The Soviet front line is now forward beyond the steep hillrange which borders the southern outskirts of the city.

Yesterday the capture of another hill carried the line here another 150 yards away from the city confines.—Reuter.

In Eastern Siberia

MOSCOW: Winter has set in the province of Transbaikaria in Eastern Siberia. Snow has come to stay and low temperatures have been recorded.—Reuter.

Move To Relieve Besieged Garrison

BERLIN, Oct. 27.

The German News Agency stated last night that the Russian General Rodimstsev has launched an assault from the North and South of the Red October Works in Stalingrad to relieve the besieged garrison. Units of the three hundredth Soviet infantry division were used in this attack. Fighting is still going on.—Reuter.

DECIDING BABY'S SEX IN ADVANCE!

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Oct. 27.

Opening the conference of the Educational Advisory Board on the place of social biology in Education a speaker declared: It is very likely in the near future, chemical substances will be produced which allow males or females to be conceived as per parents' wish. Thus before long, parents may be able to decide in advance what should be their baby's sex. He added, we have already gone a long way towards this in animal kingdom, Sir Cyril Norwood said, when wars have been abolished, world would have to turn to the problem of breeding out quality and not quantity.

Our Readers' Views

"Proselytising In The Sophia College"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to a passage in my letter on the above subject, appearing in the "Chronicle" to-day, regarding the visit to Panchgani of some one acting on behalf of the father of the converted girl, it is not quite accurate to say that the child declined to see even the party. The party himself informs me that he was able to see as well as talk to the girl without let or hindrance.

I would also like to add that the expression "choked off from the correct constitutional channel for collecting the data" in para 3 is liable to misconstruction, as if those responsible for the University do not want such an enquiry to be made. There may be some doubt as to the power to order such an enquiry by the executive head of the University on his own authority; but there is no lack of desire to see such cases properly investigated.

I trust you will be good enough to insert these corrections.—Yours, etc.,

K. T. SHAH,

Bombay, Oct. 27.

Government And "Navjivan" Press

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In order to stop the publication of the "Harijan" and the allied weeklies of Mahatma Gandhi, the Government raided and took possession of the "Navjivan" Press with all its publications, etc., but chose to return after some time the publications, etc. Piecemeal and imperfect reports of the raid and seizure and return have appeared in the press from time to time. It is necessary, therefore, to put before the public a short account of the whole series of events.

After the arrest of Gandhiji and now the late Sjt. Mahadev Desai on the 9th August, 1942, the "Harijan" was being published under the editorship of Sjt. Kishorlal Mashruwala.

After the publication of one issue, the Police raided on 21st of August, 1942, the "Navjivan" Press and seized the composed forms and galllies and some printed copies of the "Harijan" number which was to be published on 23rd August, along with the whole press, etc. On the same night and the next day they removed essential parts of the printing machine and carried away copies of all numbers, old and new, of the "Harijan" and its allied weeklies as well as all the bound volumes of their files beginning from 1933 upto 1942. Even the library, some manuscripts, files of common periodicals, the typewriter, the cyclo-style and kerosene tins were taken away. All the buildings of the publication department and the book-binding department as well as the godown of printing papers were sealed.

In view of Gandhiji's public statement in the "Harijan" of 19-7-42 to the effect that he had instructed the manager to close down all the weeklies as soon as orders for their closure were served by the Government, the manager would have carried out the instructions fully, but the Government chose to act as they did. In the original order of seizure there was nothing to warrant the seizure of all our publications, library, etc., but the Government sealed all departments and put the whole precincts under police and military protection.

This went on for about a month. Suddenly on the 25th of September, 1942, the City Magistrate inquired as to the manager and called him in his presence. He was informed verbally that everything except the press, the printing papers and "Harijan" files was to be returned. The next day, therefore, the seals were broken and the publications were handed over. At the same time, all blank printing papers, types and other press furniture were stacked like grass on motor-lorries and removed. They wanted to return the press machine, but they refused to return the essential parts of the machinery that they had removed. The manager was told to accept what was being given. He was further informed that if he did not accept it as it was, the sentries would be removed and then he would be responsible for the machine. The manager in charge said, 'The machine cannot work without its important parts. Why should I then accept it in its dismantled condition?'

The City Magistrate then removed the sentries and put up on the door of the building a notice to the effect that the building was then no more in the possession of the Government. The City Magistrate thereafter sent by registered post the keys of the building to the manager-in-charge of the Press, but he refused to accept them.

Thus, the "Navjivan" Karyalaya has got back its publications, its office library, etc., but the quite unworkable dismantled press is yet lying in the building and the "Navjivan" Karyalaya is not in possession of it. Printing papers worth about Rs. 50,000, the types, some important manuscripts and kerosene tins, a type-writer, a cyclo-style, an electric fan and all the files of the "Harijan" from start to finish have also not been returned. Not only that, a local daily published in its issue dated 28-9-42 that the files have all been destroyed. Till now the Government has allowed the report to go uncontradicted.

In the words of the "Bombay Chronicle" "we refuse to believe that any Government could be guilty of such vandalism. It will be good for the authorities concerned to issue a statement on the subject."—Yours, etc.,

KARIMBHAI VOHRA.

Navjivan Karyalaya,
Ahmedabad, Oct. 20.

HIGH PRICE OF CLOTH

Result Of One-Sided Control

(BY K. M. KHANDWALA)

The two elementary needs of every human being are food and clothing. He must eat every day and clothe to protect himself from the ravages of cold or rain and to be classed a civilised human being. To-day the Government of India exercise control over the prices of foodstuffs but no control is exercised over the prices of cloth. In spite of three years of war, the glaring injustice of the present one-sided control system does not appear to have been realised in proper quarters.

The poor agriculturist, who, as is well known in India, lives on the verge of starvation throughout the year, is compelled to part with his produce at a rate controlled by the Government. So far so good. It may be a war time emergency measure; but when one finds that the agriculturist has no facility to satisfy his second elementary need of cloth, not only at no controlled rate, but not even at a fairly reasonable rate, the injustice of the present control system becomes very apparent.

* * *

This injustice is so glaring that it should have been discovered long ago by the Government and the Government should have exercised control over the price of cloth—especially over the cloth which is consumed by the agriculturist. The Government do not appear to be at all moving in the matter for reasons of their own. The reasons appear to be as under:—

The Government allow the capitalist millowners to make abnormally huge profits and abnormally high returns by way of excess profits tax. The Government are thus able to collect huge revenues in an indirect way from the poor agriculturists through the capitalist millowners. If the balance sheets of some of the textile mills are studied, we would see what tremendous sums out of these profits are paid to Government by way of excess profit tax.

The Government by allowing millowners to make huge profits, kill two birds at a time. On the one hand, they are able to collect huge revenues and on the other they give satisfaction to the millowners that they are allowed to make huge profits.

* * *

It has been stated that the Government thought of a scheme of producing standard cloth for the poor at a reasonable price. The War has rolled on for three years, the Government has talked, the millowners have agreed but still there is no standard cloth on the market. Why? Because the poor agriculturists have no voice which can reach the Government ears. A few days back it was said that enquiries were made through Provincial Governments for standard cloth but except one or two provincial Governments, no other provincial Government sent any replies to Government inquiries. Quite naturally, because most of the Provincial Governments of to-day are not popular Governments, they do not represent the people and therefore, they cannot be expected to represent the case of the poor agriculturists.

By the one-sided control system of to-day the ignorant agriculturist is doubly penalised. He gives away his produce at a price controlled by Government but he pays an abnormally high price, when he goes to buy in the market his second elementary need of clothing.

May I point out that in America, prices of both foodstuffs and cloth are controlled by the price dictator? In America they control so many other prices also. One may not plead for the control in prices of luxuries, but certainly there is a strong case for the control of prices of cloth which have gone unreasonably high. Should this not happen, an agrarian discontent may soon be expected, against the present one-sided, unjust control of prices of foodstuffs only.

FROM SECRET RADIO-STATIONS

(News from ten foreign radio-secret station).

By Dr. LISTENER

FROM GERMANY: (Goering fell in his own trap). In his speech Goering blabbed too much about his "have nothing" and great poverty and promised "to grant his alleged whole fortune to the nation if anyone would tell him where this fortune was placed! "Apparently he was tipsy. A few days later came from various secret and official senders (London, Moscow, Germany, Italy, etc.) the exact enumeration of all his money deposits in several foreign banks, of all insurances, and enormous share-majorities in numerous industries, war-factories, mines, coal-pits, oil refineries in all occupied countries and in Germany, altogether over 70 million dollars worth. All Nazi leaders including the Fuehrer were terribly confused. What was to be done with this open scandal? At once Goering was ordered by the Fuehrer to give forthwith a suitable gift for the people in order to extricate himself from this foolish promise. A few days later the German radio announced in its "Deutshland Echo" with a great flourish, that "Field Marshal Goering donated for the victims of a heavy bombed town in Western Germany a magnanimous gift: three cars with clothes, shoes and hats, and besides a money check of 5,000 Reichsmark (five thousand rupees), which splendid donation was accepted by the population concerned with a furious enthusiasm." But the clothes, as was later discovered, were derived from the collection for the army in Russia. The cheque was his own.

FROM TURKEY: (Hitler needs more cannon fodder). And as he pumped out all his lackey countries and they cannot or will not deliver more and more soldiers for butchery in Russia, Hitler ordered all Germans living in foreign (neutral) countries to register at once for an enrolment. But the German people in the foreign countries were not very enthusiastic to die for Hitler's war machine and resisted the call. For instance, in the Turkey, in Istanbul, of 128 Germans only 21 (i.e. 17%) enrolled themselves, whereas 107 (i.e. 83%) preferred to stay in the Turkey as "deserters" running the risk and incurring danger, because being employees by German offices and businessmen in Turkey they must lose their employment. The same thing happens in all other foreign countries where 80 to 98% do not want to go to Hitler's war.

P. V. B.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Since the arrest of some of the important officers of the P.V.B., the organization is virtually under suspension. The suspicious attitude of the Government towards the volunteers of the P.V.B. is mainly responsible for the present state of affairs. No doubt, most of the officers were staunch Congressmen and many of the volunteers were also men of Congress leanings. Anticipating a political crisis in the country, all the important officers of the P.V.B., who were officially connected with the Congress, resigned their offices, so that their political moves should not in any way hamper the progress of an institution founded mainly on the high motive of service to humanity. The P.V.B. grew from strength to strength with the sweat of thousands and thousands of its selfless volunteers. Whether peace or war, such an organisation as the P.V.B., composed of many hundreds of altruistic and self-less youths, is an asset to the city. The P.V.B. has proved its mettle in most trying times in the past and has created hope and confidence for the future in the hearts of thousands in this city. To completely dissolve the P.V.B. at this critical juncture will be nothing short of committing social harakiri.—Yours, etc.,

K. S. VENKITAKRISHNAN.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26.

An offshoot of the donkeys' procession case is a controversy now proceeding between the authorities of the cattle pound of the Delhi Municipality and the Delhi Police about the former's claim for payment of the feeding charges for the 11 donkeys during the time they were in the pound pending disposal of the case.

The police, it is learnt, argue that as the owner of the animals had received payment for hiring them he should bear the feeding charges, while the pound authorities contend that as the donkeys were detained under police orders, the police should pay.—A. P.

* * *

According to C. Rajagopalachar "the immediate reactions to my proposal are encouraging."

So far they certainly are. Mr. Amery has spoken neither in Parliament nor on the platform or the radio.

* * *

"The only remaining problem is the attitude which Mr. Jinnah..... will adopt towards Sir Ghulam Hussein Hidayatullah."

—Anglo-India.

There need be no anxiety over it. With such resourceful men as the two leaders concerned, that problem also would soon be solved.

* * *

Mr. Jinnah's paper, the "Dawn", says that the Indian deadlock cannot be resolved by sitting on the fence and star gazing.

Eh? Of course not. Don't be silly. The refence is to the British Government exclusively.

* * *

"When they are ready (for an offensive) men like Wavell and Stillwell will need no urging." says an American paper.

But will they know when they are ready?

* * *

In two days' operations over Hong-Kong General Stillwell's air force claims to have destroyed and damaged 37 Japanese aircraft.

General Wavell, please note.

* * *

By the way, General Wavell has retaliated against the Japs by raiding Akyab in day light.

This is all to the good. But what is wanted is better.

* * *

We have glanced through the report of Mr. Wendell Willkie's broadcast and received a double shock. The first shock is that Reuter's sent it out to India and the second that the censors allowed it.

* * *

We are in fact so staggered that we cannot talk about it yet.

President Roosevelt had a conference the other day with Admiral King and Admiral Leahy.

Why? The "Wasp" was lost long ago, wasn't it?

* * *

The owner of a midget car drove to a filling station and asked for a pint of petrol and two ounces of oil.

"Right", said the attendant. "Now would you like me to sneeze in the tyres?"

Jap Attack On American Airfield In Assam

Several Transport Planes Damaged Or Destroyed

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27.

Early on the afternoon of October 25 a strong Japanese force of bombers and fighters attacked American airfields in the Dibrugarh area of north-eastern Assam, says an official communique issued by the United States Forces Headquarters, New Delhi.

"The Japanese planes came in at an altitude of about 14000 feet and were at once engaged by our fighters, who succeeded in shooting down two Japanese. One of our ships was shot down.

However, the enemy broke through, bombed the fields, and destroyed or damaged several transport aircraft which had been grounded for routine repairs.

One American air officer and one British subject were killed and five Americans were injured. Though several buildings were struck by bombs, causing some damage, civilian labour in large numbers resumed their customary work shortly after the all-clear, and as already announced, displayed high morale and courage.

At about 10 a.m. on October 26 one enemy reconnaissance plane was shot down in north-eastern Assam area.

At about noon on the same day a force of Japanese fighter planes escorting a number of reconnaissance aircraft attacked and strafed the Assam air-fields, which had been bombed on the previous day. The damage caused by this raid was slight. At one time during this attack, Lt.-Edward M. Nollmeyer of Everett, Washington, attacked single-handed the entire enemy formation of fighters. He succeeded in shooting down one Japanese plane, without damage to himself or his ship.

LULL ENDS

The aerial activity during the week-end period stretched clear across Assam, Burma and South China. Coupled with other raids, and in particular the recent attack by American bombers on the Linsi Mine north of Tientsin, the lull in wide-range aerial warfare has ended with the monsoon."—A. P.

ARRESTS AND CONVICTIONS

(Continued From Page 1)

fine of Rs. 200 in default R.I. for two months more.—A. P.

In Bihar

INCOME TAX OFFICE BURNT DOWN

PATNA, Oct. 27.

A Bihar Government Press Note issued on Monday, October 26, says:

SANTHAL PARGANAS: Some miscreants armed with spears and other weapons burnt down the Income-tax Office at Deoghar on the evening of October 22.

PALAMAU: On the 18th night soda water bottles were flung at a police lorry and trees were felled and placed across the roads at three places. Mobile police patrols prevented further damage. One person was arrested that night with two loaded revolvers, twenty-two rounds of ammunitions, five torches, khaki shirts, etc. Thirteen arrests were made on subsequent dates.

PURNEA: On October 11 mobs resisted arrests being made by a Police Sub-Inspector at Palasi. Armed police dispersed the crowds without opening fire. Four of the wanted persons were arrested.

MONGHYR: Several volunteers were arrested in Gogri Ashram with objectionable leaflets on October 7 and 13. On the 20th eight persons were arrested while picketing a liquor shop at Khaira.

HAZARIBAGH: Twelve arrests were made on October 21 at Domchanchand a procession dispersed.

The Press Note further says: An attempt was made on October 21 to derail a train on the East Indian Railway by placing iron fencing posts on the track. The mischief was detected before any damage could be caused. Removal of a few fishplates has been reported from two places during the last fortnight.

CHAMPARAN: The Bettiah Mela passed off peacefully. Small processions were dispersed after the leaders were arrested.—United Press.

TWENTY-TWO CONGRESSMEN ARRESTED

PATNA, Oct. 27.

About 22 Congress workers were arrested yesterday under D.I.R. for picketing at the gates of the Bihar National College, where the annual Mukhtarship examination was being held. No examinee is reported to have left the examination hall.—A.P.

Orissa Detenus Allowed Interviews

CUTTACK, October 27.

The total number of persons arrested and detained under D.I.R. in Orissa Province since the beginning of the disturbances is 779. This was stated at a Press Conference at the Secretariat today. Of these 252 are detained under Rule 26. Among those detained under Rule 26 are fifteen members of the Orissa Assembly (excluding the two newly elected members.) Twenty-nine persons are being detained under Rule 129.

It was also stated that Security Prisoners are allowed interviews with their nearest relatives once in a month.—A. P.

ORISSA M.L.A. ARRESTED

CUTTACK, Oct. 27.

Dr. Krupasindhubhokta, M.L.A., has been arrested for picketing the court says a report received from Angul.

In the same place M. R. Ganeswarsahu has been arrested for alleged attempt to set fire to the upper primary school.—A. P.

In Sind

TWO YEARS AND FINE FOR BREACH OF QUIT ORDER

KARACHI, Oct. 27.

A sentence of two years' R.I. and fine of Rs. 200 has been awarded to Dr. Watunmal for defiance of an order served on him under D.I.R.

The order directed Dr. Watunmal to leave Karachi by the first available train.—A.P.

In U. P.

SEVEN JAILED FOR TROUBLE IN POST OFFICE

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 27.

Seven persons who had been charged with creating disturbances in the Kydgunj post office here on August 12 last have been sentenced by the City Magistrate to an aggregate of 18 months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 100 each.

The Magistrate remarked that the action of the Post Master and the Station Officer, Kydgunj, merited a reward as through their timely intervention a large sum of money was saved. He therefore recommended that out of the amount of fine, Rs. 150 be paid to them.—A.P.

ATTEMPT TO SET FIRE TO LETTER-BOXES

LUCKNOW, October 27.

Attempts were made in Lucknow to set fire to two letter-boxes, contents of one of the letter-boxes were found partially burnt, while a packet of inflammable material was recovered from the other letter-box.—A. P.

UNEXPLODED BOMB IN LETTER-BOX

MEERUT, October 27.

An unexploded bomb was recovered from the City Post Office letter-box in Khairnagar Bazar. The police took possession of it. —A. P.

In Bengal

FOUR CONGRESS WORKERS ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

Four Congress workers have been arrested at Serampore under Sec. 129 of D.I.R. and taken to jail for detention.—A.P.

SEVERAL ARRESTS FOR FIRE IN TELEGRAPH OFFICE

BARISAL, Oct. 27.

Several youngmen arrested in connection, it is reported, with a fire in the Barisal Telegraph Office on Monday evening. The fire, however, was immediately extinguished. No serious damage was caused. A prominent member of the Congress Nari Samity who had been under restraint order for some time past, was arrested under the Defence of India Rules. —United Press.

SURRENDERED TO POLICE

SIBSAGAR, Oct. 27.

Mr. Ghorai Koet against whom a warrant was issued has surrendered to the police. Three persons were arrested by the Sonari police when they tried to hoist a tricolour flag on the Sonari thana.

Mr. Chandranath Somah, who was arrested at Jhanjhi, has been released on a bail of Rs. 500.—United Press.

MYMENSINGH ARRESTS

MYMENSINGH, Oct. 27.

Mr. Dhirendra Chandra Ghosh, a Congress worker, has been arrested under Rule 129 of the D. I. R.—United Press.

SEARCHES AND ARRESTS

MANIKGANJ, Oct. 27.

A member of the Sivalaya Debt Settlement Board and three other persons were arrested by the Sivalaya police and sent up to Manikganj. They have been remanded to 'hajat'. Their houses were also searched.—United Press.

STUDENT ARRESTED FOR LOOTING

DACCA, Oct. 27.

The Sarajdigha police arrested a student of Hasara H. E. School in connection with the looting of an opium shop at Mohanganj.—United Press.

Bengal Cyclone Relief

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

It is learnt extensive damage to property has been caused by the recent cyclonic weather in some parts of Bengal. The Revenue Secretary, Bengal Government Mr M. B. R. Sen left on a tour of the cyclone affected areas to study conditions of the people. A scheme for relief work in the affected areas will be formulated by the Government on the basis of investigation made by him. It is learnt Government propose to issue an appeal for public contributions to the fund started in this connection.—A.P.

CHARGE AGAINST MRS. N. P. WADIA

Bankruptcy Petition Sequel At London Court

(From Our Own Correspondent).

LONDON, Oct. 27.

Forty-one-year-old Lucy Gertrude from Mayfair, wife of Mr. Nusserwanjee Pestonjee Wadia, is being charged at Bow Street for having, after being adjudged bankrupt, disposed of her furniture obtained on credit and not paid for, and for attempting to account for £1,100 as fictitious losses. She elected to be tried by jury.

Prosecution said, according to her own story, she and her husband separated in November 1937, the husband allowing her £1,000 yearly. Bankruptcy petition was presented against her on 15th October, 1941, by a dressmakers' firm and three months later, she is alleged to have sold some of her furniture for £1,250. It is also alleged that she had transferred her furniture to her brother in repayment of a loan of £3,000.

In her preliminary examination, she accounted for part of £1,250 by saying she had lost £1,100 at Chemindefer party at Parklane. It is further alleged that it was possible that a hundred pounds might have been lost that way, but several hundred pounds were used by her in lavish expenditure at jewellers and dressmakers.

MOVE FOR CONGRESS-LEAGUE FRONT

Jinnah To Be Asked To Correspond With Mahatma

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27.

Among the non-official resolutions to be placed before the coming session of the Council of the All-India Muslim League on November 9 is one tabled by Mr. L. H. Lari Saheb and Dr. S. N. A. Jafri declaring that "in view of the misapprehensions prevalent in certain sections of our countrymen, this meeting once again makes an offer to the Congress to formulate and back by all legitimate means a joint Congress-League demand for immediate and complete transfer of power for the governance of the country to a provisional coalition government to be set up for the duration of the war, provided the Congress acknowledges the principle of self-determination and pledges to abide by the verdict of the plebiscite of the Mussalmans to be taken after the war in regard to the Pakistan scheme embodied in the Lahore resolution of the League passed in March 1940 and resolves that the said offer be communicated to Gandhi by the President of the League".

Khwaja Abdul Ghani in another resolution expresses resentment at Government's action in withholding permission for the use of ships for the performance of the Haj.—A. P.

The All-India Nationalist League will meet in Delhi in the second week of November.—Orient Press.

In Madras

JAILED FOR SPEECH

CUDDALORE, Oct. 27.

Mr. Palanivelu Chetti, who was charged with making a prejudicial speech at Kurinjipadi and asking the Sub-Inspector of police to resign his post, has been sentenced to one year's R. I. under the Defence of India Rules.

MADURA: Mr. T. S. Ramaswami Iyengar, a Congressman of Thuvariman who was arrested for alleged prejudicial activities has been sentenced to one year's R. I.

PICKETERS JAILED

DINDIGUL: Mr. S. S. Abdul Rahim, former Treasurer of the Dindigul Congress Committee, Mr. Nagarathnam Nadur, former Secretary of the Congress Municipal Party, and Mr. K. S. Subbiah Gounder, member of the Dindigul Town Congress Committee, who were prosecuted under D. I. R. for picketing the District Munsif's Court at Dindigul on September 9 last have been sentenced to nine months' R. I. each and to pay a fine of Rs. 500 each, in default to undergo further three months' R. I.

Mr. Govindarajalu, Secretary of the Students' Organisation, Madura, who was charged with being in possession of some prejudicial leaflets and reading the same to the public at Dindigul on August 31 last has been sentenced to nine months' R. I.

ELLORE: Mr. S. Brahman, Secretary of the Ellore Town Congress Committee, has been sentenced to three months' R. I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 50, in default to six weeks' further R. I. under the Defence of India Rules on a charge of leading a procession in defiance of the District Magistrate's prohibitory order. He has been placed in 'B' class.

Mr. T. Venkata Suryanarayanmurthi of Tuni has been sentenced to six months' R. I. on a charge of addressing a meeting in defiance of the prohibitory order.

SABAWALA ON FOOD COUNCIL

The Joint Civil Defence Committee has elected Mr. A. P. Sabawala as its representative on the Food Council that is being set up by the Government of Bombay.

JAPS CAUGHT Nnapping

Allied Air Attack On Kavieng In New Ireland

SYDNEY, Oct. 27.

A dramatic snap attack by Australian medium bombers on Kavieng, New Ireland, on Saturday night caught the Japanese napping, states a report just received from the operational base. Halfway through the raid the Japanese switched on the town lights, apparently believing that the danger had passed. Before they recovered from their first surprise, a dump was blown up and a four-engined bomber smashed. Other Australians blew up more planes and the second last pilot caused so much smoke when he scored a hit on the dump that the last pilot was unable to pick up his objective.—Reuter.

JAP CO-ORDINATED ATTACK

The Naval Communique announcing these events says: South Pacific: "On October 25, the Japanese launched a co-ordinated land, sea and air attack against our positions in Guadalcanar Island.

The Army Marine Corps troops and aircraft at Guadalcanar opposed these attacks in heavy action throughout the day. The United States carrier task force exchanged aerial thrusts with a strong enemy force north-east of Guadalcanar.

An incomplete resume of these engagements with the enemy, based on reports received to date, are: During the early morning of October 25, enemy troops launched a determined attack against the southern flank of our positions on Guadalcanar.

The Army Marine Corps troops held their positions.

GUADALCANAR SHELLED

About the middle of the morning, a force of enemy cruisers and destroyers shelled our Guadalcanar positions from northward.

During early afternoon our Douglas dauntless dive-bombers operating from Guadalcanar attacked a force of enemy cruisers and destroyers north of Florida Island.

A direct bomb hit damaged and stopped one enemy ship. Shortly after this attack, about 16 enemy dive-bombers attacked our airfield. Five of these bombers were shot down. Nine more enemy bombers attacked the airfield soon after this. The last action inflicted minor damage.

During late afternoon our dive-bombers from Guadalcanar again struck at a force of enemy cruisers and destroyers north of Florida Island. One bomb-hit is reported on a heavy cruiser. Army Flying Fortresses struck at this same force about ten minutes later and scored two bomb-hits on an enemy light cruiser which was left burning and stopped.

Enemy fighters were active over our positions periodically throughout the day. Seventeen planes are reported to have been destroyed by our Grumman "Wildcats".

On October 26 the Pacific fleet carrier task force exchanged air attacks with strong enemy forces northeast of Guadalcanar.

Destroyer "Porter" was sunk by enemy action. One of our aircraft carriers was severely damaged. Other United States vessels have reported lesser damage.

Two enemy aircraft carriers have been damaged in this action details of which are still incomplete. The Bureau of Naval Personnel will notify by telegram next of kin of those lost or wounded as soon as information is received."

PORT MORESBY BOMBED

Headquarters South-West Pacific: To-day's official 'communique' says that there is no change in the general situation in the Owen Stanley area in New Guinea.

Japanese positions were bombed at Lae and Salamaua. The Japanese harmlessly raided Port Moresby, Milne Bay and Darwin.

OWEN STANLEY: Desultory fighting continues with no general change in situation.

MILNE BAY: A small flight of enemy planes dropped eight bombs harmlessly near the beach before dawn.

PORT MORESBY: Two enemy planes dropped four bombs near the aerodrome without doing any damage.

LAE: An Allied medium unit bombed the aerodrome runway and dispersal areas.

SALAMAUA: An Allied armed reconnaissance unit attacked enemy installations with bombs and machine-gun fire.

KOKODA: Allied attack planes with fighter escort bombed and strafed trails of the south.

KOEPANG: An Allied medium unit bombed the aerodrome with unobserved results.

DARWIN: Three enemy bombers carried out a raid under cover of darkness causing minor damage.—Reuter.

Stabbed And Thrown Into Manhole

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dhanmoond Dhinoo, an employee of the Tulsi Ram Gupta Mills, was found choked and suffering from serious stab wounds, which proved fatal, later, in a manhole at Magazine Street off Reay Road, last night.

It appears that Dhinoo, who was an attendant of a furnace went to the lavatory on Monday evening. The moment Dhinoo came out of the bathroom, he, it is alleged, was challenged by another person, who stabbed him and then put him in a manhole on the road.

A watchman who passed that way, it is said, hearing groans emanating from the manhole went and reported the matter to a supervisor from the mill.

Sometime later, the supervisor and some others along with the watchman went to the manhole and removed Dhinoo from the place in a dying condition. His statement revealed that he was stabbed by another worker from the same factory, late in the evening.

The Byculla police have arrested one Aziz, in this connection.

ALLIES EXTEND AREA OCCUPIED IN AXIS DEFENCES

Fourteen Enemy Aircraft Shot Down In Egypt

CAIRO, Oct. 27.

To-day's Middle East Joint War 'communique' states: "During the night of October 25-26 our forces extended the area which they had occupied in the enemy's defences.

Yesterday, our gains were maintained. Fighting continues.

Two large-scale air operations continued over the battle area and forward lauding grounds. During the night and the day of October 25-26 bombers and fighter-bombers attacked a variety of targets and our fighters operating by day and night on a large-scale shot down 14 enemy aircraft. In addition one Messerschmitt 109 was destroyed by return fire from one of our light bombers and another by small arms fire. Continual fighter patrols were carried out as a protection for our land forces against enemy activity which was on an increased scale

AXIS TANKER ON FIRE

An enemy tanker off Tobruk burst into flames and a large merchant vessel blew up following hits with bombs and torpedoes during attacks on a convoy yesterday. After one of the attacks our long-range fighters shot down two Heinkel 111s.

Our Malta fighters shot down at least three Messerschmitt 109s during attacks on the island yesterday which were on a slightly reduced scale.

From the above operations ten of our aircraft are missing.

U.S. BOMBERS BUSY

A 'communique' from the United States Army Headquarters states to-day that American aircraft continued large-scale operations over the battle area yesterday, while heavy bombers struck at Axis shipping convoys in the Mediterranean, scoring two direct hits on a large enemy tanker.

The Eighth Army is slowly but relentlessly clearing the minefields and widening the gaps in the enemy's defences bringing nearer the time when Allied armour will be able to pass through and deploy, says Reuter's special correspondent.

Counter-attacks by Rommel's forces were reported from the battle zone to-day. They were suitably dealt with by the Allied air force which is maintaining a terrific pressure against the enemy. Heavy fighting is still going on but only meagre details have so far come through about to-day's operations.

BR. PRESSURE INCREASED

LONDON.—The feature of the latest news from Egypt is that British pressure is not only being maintained but increased with the progress of the operations, writes Reuter's military correspondent. The offensive progressing along expected lines, is biting slowly but surely into the Axis main defences. This is giving British sappers in the rear time and opportunity to clear minefields and give communications and concentrations more elbow-room.

The Germans have been forced to throw more of the hard-pressed Luftwaffe into the air to stem the R.A.F.'s merciless pounding but this has given the Allied fighters more scope. The effect will be cumulative if the air pressure is kept up and the effect should begin to show in another day or two.

ITALIAN SUBMARINE MISSING

ROME ('Via' Zurich).—To-day's (Tuesday's) Italian 'communique' stated: "One of our submarines is missing. The next of kin have been informed.—Reuter.

ANTI-CONGRESS FRONT IN FRONTIER

PESHAWAR, October 26.

Political discussions at Ghaziabad in Mohamand tribal area, have resulted in the creation of a new organisation called the Afghan Ittehad Party, which practically amalgamates, the recently formed Pushtoon Jirga, according to reports reaching here.

The celebrations in connection with the death anniversary of the late Haji of Turangzai being over, the various leaders from the Settled Districts and the tribal territory who had assembled at Ghaziabad have returned to their respective homes to work in earnest for a strong Afghan Ittehad Party, which is to be a common organisation of the people of the Settled Districts and the tribal area.

Badshah Gul, the Mohamand leader, has accepted the leadership of the new party, while Arbab Abdul Ghaffoor, M.L.A. ex-Parliamentary Secretary, President of the Pushtoon Jirga, and Khan Sarfraz Khan of Utmanzai, have accepted positions under him (Badshah Gul).

According to the declaration of aims and objects, the new party will oppose the Congress and the Khudai-Khidmatgars as "they do not serve the best interests of the Mussalmans." The entire political programme of the Pushtoon Jirga has been incorporated.—A. P.

CALICUT: Two students of the Zamorin's College who picketed by lying across the southern gate of the College with a view to preventing other students from attending their classes were arrested by the police.

Two students of the local Ganpat High School who picketed at the western gate of the school have also been arrested.—United Press.

MUSIC'S UNIFYING INFLUENCE

Glowing Tributes To Abdul Karim Khan

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The fifth anniversary of the late Khansaheb Abdul Karim Khan was celebrated to-day at Blavatsky Lodge with a programme of classical music, when Mr. S A. Brelvi, presided. The hall was packed and many had to return as they could not get accommodation. Prof. Velinkar, paid a glowing tribute to late Khansaheb and said that he came from Kerani family and was born at Parvati, near Delhi. His maiden appearance at a public concert was in 1883 when he was hardly 10 years of age. He did his best to advance the cause of classical music and establish institutions for teaching it at various centres.

INDIA'S GREAT DESTINY

Mr. S. A. Brelvi said Abdul Karim Khan was one of the outstanding exponents of Indian music and his name would live so long as Indian music lived. Music in India, as in other countries, delighted the hearts and ennobled the minds of the people. That was the purpose of music in all countries and in all times. But in India music had a special importance. For centuries its exponents had contributed more towards establishing and strengthening Hindu-Muslim unity than any other class of men. The eleven century old common history of Hindus and Muslim bore witness to many influences working for communal unity and harmony and, of these the influence of music was the most powerful. Mr. Brelvi said he was one of these who believed that there was the hand of Providence in the centuries old arrangement which brought the followers of all religions, especially Hindus and Muslims, together in India. He was proud that he was born in a country which, among all other countries had alone been endowed with the great destiny of creating harmony out of differences in creeds and of establishing true human brotherhood. In helping to fulfil this destiny music had played a very great part and it was for this reason that even to-day Hindus and Muslims worked together in greater harmony in music than in any other field of activity. Muslims had played as great a part in the evolution of Indian music as the Hindus. Abdul Karim Khan was one of the most eminent of these Muslims.

ALL-INDIA RADIO'S LAPSE

He had Hindu disciples as well as Muslim disciples and his music had delighted and inspired thousands of Hindus and Muslims. It was unfortunte that the All-India Radio had not this year arranged a programme of music in honour of the fifth anniversary of the great musician. This lapse was a measure of the solicitude of the All-India Radio for true Indian music! However, Mr. Brelvi said, if they desired that the people should derive increasing benefit from Indian music and that the standard of that music should grow higher and higher and if they believed that Hindu-Muslim unity was a good thing for the country and its inhabitants they should appreciate and encourage Indian music and musicians and give every possible help and patronage to them.

Among the artistes who took part in the concert were Dasharath Boowa Moole, Roshanara Begum, Ananjarai Bai Vadaker, and Shamsuddin Khan. Their performance was highly appreciated.

"OLD DEMAND OF CONGRESS"

Haji Abdus Sattar On Rajaji's New Scheme

TELLICHERRY, Oct. 24.

Haji Abdus Sattar Haji Ishaq Seth, M.L.A., (Central) member Working Committee, All-India Muslim League in the course of a statement to the Press says:—

Mr. Rajagopalachari's scheme which has been launched abroad with fanfare and trumpets appears to me to be nothing different from the old demand of the Congress that there should be no truck with the Musalmans. His seeming great regard for the League and its leader and his insistence that Mr. Jinnah should also nominate to the Provisional Government an equal number of people with the Congress may mislead people abroad but I do not think that it will mislead anybody in India; certainly not the Musalmans. For how many hours can Mr. Rajagopalachari's provisional cabinet live after the new legislature meets? For, it has to be remembered that the new legislature is to be immediately elected and it is to be elected on a franchise which will give complete predominance to the Congress. That is the crux of the new scheme.

Continuing he observes: I have no hesitation in stating that this new scheme of Mr. Rajagopalachari is nothing but another form of his proposal some time ago to make Mr. Jinnah the Prime Minister of India to face a Congress dominated fully autonomous legislature. Let me assure him and all those who may be mislead by his clever scheme that the days are gone by when the Musalmans could be tricked into accepting such camouflage.—A. P.

KARACHI CORPORATION ADJOURNS

KARACHI, October 27.

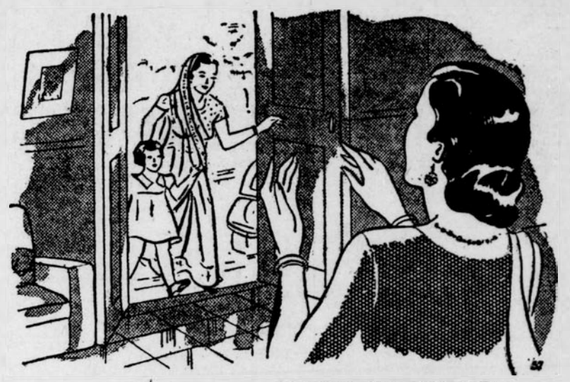
Meeting of the Karachi Municipal Corporation this evening adjourned without transacting any business.—A. P

Bengal And Ranji Trophy

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The Council of the Bengal Cricket Association has expressed by majority its decision in favour of running the Ranji Trophy tournament.

The dates of Bengal's match against Bihar are officially confirmed as 28/11, 29/11 and 30/11. —A. P.



unexpected VISITORS

but very welcome nevertheless. And there need be no embarrassment as to their refreshment if you wisely maintain ample supplies of Parle's GLUCO Biscuits. For the tit-bits of news and savoury gossip can always be followed by a cup of tea accompanied by the ever welcome and delicious

YOUR PATIENCE PLEASE!
Difficulties of war-time production and transport combined with increasing public demand have curtailed supplies. Available supplies are distributed equitably throughout the country. But even if you should be disappointed occasionally for GLUCO always ask for GLUCO as supplies may have arrived meantime. We are working full out to meet all demands
Parle's
Gluco
BISCUITS
MILK, WHEAT, BUTTER & GLUCOSE

War Cannot Be Won By Imperialistic Policy

Well-Known Chinese Writer Supports India's Demand

Mr. Lin Yutang, the well-known Chinese author, in a message to 'Free World', a new monthly magazine, representing a movement which has already secured influential support in the New World, argues the case for immediate grant of freedom to India.

English, Chinese, Spanish and French editions of 'Free World' have already begun to appear and arrangements are being made to bring out an Indian addition in the near future.

Mr. Lin Yutang, in the course of his message to the magazine, observes: "Momentous events are happening in Asia affecting not only the 350 million people of India, but also the future progress and essential character of the war the United Nations are fighting. As a Chinese, I know Ching would be the first to be directly affected by it. It is imperative that we examine the events in India not as idle critics, but as responsible participants in a conflict between our two Allies, England and India. By our applause given to one or the other or by our very tolerance of the conflict, we prolong or shorten the conflict. The United Nations have a moral duty. I therefore plead for a stern sense of realities of the Indian situation.

ANTI-HINDU PROPAGANDA IN AMERICA.

"We have been feeding ourselves on anti-Hindu propaganda. We might accept, for our own peace of mind, the fiction that Congress is not representative of India the lie that it does not include Muslims, that Mr. Jinnah is very, very important, that the English are loved in India and everything is very pretty. We acquire a sense of moral triumph by accepting the version that it is not we who do not want to give India freedom, but it is India who is not united in wanting it. By the acceptance of that fiction and our passive inaction in the months following the Cripps Mission, we have ourselves precipitated this inevitable conflict.

"The time for delusions is past and we must now pay for it. But our own fate is involved in it. We must break through the pall of abuse, misrepresentation and calumny against India that is being spread in America. Intelligent citizens know that India's case has never been represented to Americans except through the eyes of British censors at Calcutta and New Delhi, that the news about India is incorrect and inaccurate and very often distorted. It is law of human nature that we must abuse those whom we injure, to prove that we are injuring them for their own good. It is a law of human nature that should and must go on: Gandhi is an appeaser, Gandhi is a wily and crooked politician, Gandhi has no sense of reality. Gandhi wants only the ruin of the British.

CONGRESS FIGHTING FOR FREEDOM.

"The question is, Why, is Gandhi such a fool? Why are men like Nehru and the leaders of the Congress such fools? Why are Indians such fools as to be misled by them? There is something terribly incomprehensible to many American critics and editors about the Hindus. Gandhi is a fool, because he is fighting for what George Washington was fighting—for his country's freedom and independence from England. Nehru is such a fool, because he feels as keenly about the little word 'Liberty' as Washington or Thomas Paine ever felt. The whole Indian nation is feeling exactly as keenly as the thirteen colonies about their country's freedom. Gandhi and Nehru are as stubborn as Washington was and De Valera is to-day. The injustices in India are exactly like the injustices in the American colonies and in Ireland of the past. Now that Americans have liberty, they forget what that little word means when a people have lost it. That is what is so incomprehensible about India.

"That is the terrible force which Gandhi and Nehru have unleashed to-day, which the spirit of Washington, whom both admire, helped to unleash, the great cry of a great people for national freedom during our war for national freedoms. Recently, Secretary Hull was urging the nations to fight for liberty and Indians are obeying him. Hull cannot turn round and tell Indians, 'You must not fight for liberty.' We are anxious for the freedom of Greece, Yugoslavia or Occupied France, but we shut our eyes to the greatest single national movement for freedom in the world in India.

DESIRE TO RESIST AXIS.

"India wants her freedom. Cripps denied it. They want to fight as a free nation alongside the United Nations. The Congress resolution clearly showed that they wanted Allied soldiers to remain in India and help defend their country if they were given the status of a free and equal nation. India is united in demanding freedom immediately. Her splendid leaders, who qualified her for it are pledged to use that freedom not for a decrease, but an increase, in her share of responsibility to fight the Axis Powers. I warn that India will not give up the fight for liberty until she gets it.

"Against these obvious truths, the refusal to return what we stole from her is based on sectional and national politics. Those who are clever at playing politics will, by their indecision and narrow vision, help defeat of the common war effort. We cannot win this war with nineteenth century psychology and imperialistic politics. The war has gone ahead of us, let us catch up with it".—"Hindu".

GOVT. CO-OPERATION LACKING IN WAR EFFORT

TRICHINOPOLY, Oct. 25.

"I believe the Allied Nations will win eventually and the comradeship in arms and in victory may secure them and through them the people of this country their birthright of political freedom which is necessary for our existence and growth as a Nation." So observed Dr. T. S. Rajan a former Minister presiding over the annual general meeting of the Trichinopoly Branch of the Indian Medical Association.

Dr. Rajan added that while complaints were made about the lack of public co-operation in the war effort, the will to co-operate was absolutely lacking on the part of those in authority.—A. P.

ALL AJOURNMENTS FALL THROUGH!

LAHORE, Oct. 27.

Seventeen adjournment motions relating 'inter alia' to the arrest and detention of certain members of the Punjab Assembly and the imposition of pre-censorship of news in the Punjab which were sought to be moved by members of the opposition, fell through for lack of sufficient support.—A. P.

Tribunal For Punjab Detenus

During question hour in the Punjab Legislative Assembly, the Government revealed that Lala Shankarlal of Delhi was not at present in the Lahore Fort or anywhere in the Punjab.

The cases of only those detenus arrested under Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules would be considered by a Tribunal appointed by the Government.—United Press.

HYDERABAD PRICE CONTROL CONFERENCE

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Oct. 27

The Nizam's Government to-day called the first conference of the Central and District Price Control Committees to discuss the problem of control of prices, supplies and distribution of essential commodities in the light of what has been done since the outbreak of war and to make recommendations for future policy with regard to more effective control, particularly in the interests of the poorer wage earners. Mr. W. V. Grigson, Revenue Member, in the course of his opening address said for the present, control must be accepted as inevitable and necessary, not as some fad of the Government wantonly thrust upon merchants and consumers to cause them trouble.

In conclusion, Mr. Grigson asked the Conference to bear in mind two principles, fairness to the poor and width of vision to see the whole problem extended far beyond the bounds of Hyderabad.

The Conference appointed a number of sub-committees to deal with various problems relating to control policy. These sub-committees will report to the Conference which will enunciate the general policy to be followed.—A.P.

ISLAMIA COLLEGIANS ON STRIKE

PESHAWAR, Oct. 27.

Students of the Islamia College, Peshawar went on strike to-day, protesting against the action of the principal in postponing the meeting for the Installation of the newly elected Cabinet of the Khyber Union.

It is stated that a demonstration was staged in the College last night, when students marched towards the residence of the principal.

In the morning, the students refused to attend classes but collected at the Roosekepel Hall where they made speeches. Khan Bahadur Kazi Mirza Ahmed Khan, Judge of the Judicial Commissioner's Court and Major Sikandar Mirza, Deputy Commissioner, Peshawar, visited the College to-day and listened to the demands of the students.

At the Installation ceremony, every year the President of the Union delivers his inaugural address. Differences are said to have arisen between the Principal and the Union President over this Address.—A.P.

RED SHIRT DIES IN DETENTION

PESHAWAR, Oct. 27

The Deputy Commissioner of Peshawar issued the following 'communique' this evening:—

"I regret very much to inform the public that as a result of attempting to overpower the Government forces at the Sessions Court this morning, one Redshirt belonging to the village of Isakhel died after going to the place of detention. The 'post mortem' report is to the effect that his spleen weighed 17 ounces instead of normal six. The medical examination found the cause of the death to be shock and haemorrhage due to rupture of enlarged spleen. I have already appealed to the Red Shirt leaders to ensure that the aged, infirm and sick are not to picket courts. This apparently has had no effect. Yesterday, a man at the detention ground got epileptic fit while to-day I saw a Red Shirt with jaundice. In my opinion, the Congress leaders have shown great lack of consideration in not examining these poor people."—A.P.

P. V. B.

Mr. Arvind Mehta, General Secretary, and Comrades 'Dina Gandhi and M.A. Damani, Joint Secretaries of the Bombay Students' Union writes.

We are passing through the gravest crisis in our history. While the Jap Fascists are getting ready to invade the country, the Government is engaged in repression. This has left the people without any faith in the Government-organised efforts. The defence of our country and the protection of the people are thereby put in serious danger.

The need of a popular volunteer organisation for civil defence is paramount. The A.R.P. will not serve the purpose, as people have little confidence in it. The closing down of the P.V.B. under these circumstances is simply unthinkable.

We are confident that the youth will not be found lacking in enthusiasm to support the P.V.B. and thousands will come forth to offer their services to serve the people.

We, therefore, appeal to the P.V.B. authorities to reconsider their decision, withdraw the step they have taken and allow the P.V.B. to function as a people's organisation for civil defence."

PROGRESS OF INSURANCE IN INDIA

Life Funds Increase By Six Crores

OCTOBER 27

The total number of insurers registered under the Insurance Act, 1938 (excluding those whose certificates of registration have been cancelled) up to June 15, 1942, was 294, of which 198 insurers were constituted in India. Most of the Indian insurers carry on life insurance business only. They are 161 in number, and of the remaining 37 insurers, 18 carry on life insurance along with other insurance business and 19 carry on insurance business other than life.

Of the 198 Indian insurers, 72 have their head offices in the Bombay Presidency, 48 in Bengal, 32 in the Madras Presidency, 17 in the Punjab, 12 in Delhi, 7 in the United Provinces, 3 in the Central Provinces, 3 in Sind, 2 in Bihar, and 1 each in Assam and Ajmer Merwara.

The total new life insurance business effected during 1940 amounted to 2,06,000 policies insuring a sum of Rs. 36,11,00,000 and yielding an annual premium income of Rs. 1,89,60,000, as compared with 3,00,000 policies insuring a sum of Rs. 46,62,00,000 and yielding an annual premium income of Rs. 2,37,00,000 in 1939 according to the Indian Insurance Year Book for 1941. Of this, new business done by Indian insurers amounted to 1,96,000 policies insuring a sum of Rs. 32,32,00,000 and having a premium income of Rs. 1,67,00,000 as compared with 2,89,000 policies insuring a sum of Rs. 42,51,00,000 and having a premium income of Rs. 2,14,00,000 in the previous year.

The total life insurance business effected in India and remaining in force at the end of 1940 amounted to 15,53,000 policies insuring a total sum of Rs. 2,85,53,00,000 and having a premium income of Rs. 13,99,00,000, as compared with 14,97,000 policies insuring a total sum of Rs. 2,71,80,00,000 and having a premium income of Rs. 14,26,000 at the end of 1939. Of this, the share of Indian insurers was represented by 13,72,000 policies insuring a sum of Rs. 2,25,51,00,000 and having a premium income of Rs. 10,69,00,000, as compared with 13,31,000 policies insuring a sum of Rs. 2,15,19,00,000 and having a premium income of Rs. 11,13,00,000 in the previous year.

The total new sums insured by Indian life offices in 1940 amounted to Rs. 35,23,00,000, as compared with Rs. 45,96,00,000 in the previous year. The total business remaining in force at the end of the year was Rs. 2,43,91,00,000, as compared with Rs. 2,32,42,00,000 at the end of the previous year. The total revenue income of the Indian life offices during the year amounted to Rs. 14,57,00,000, as compared with Rs. 14,83,00,000 in 1939.

INCREASE IN LIFE FUNDS

The life insurance funds increased by Rs. 6,00,00,000 and amounted to Rs. 62,41,00,000 at the end of the year. The rate of interest earned on life funds during the year after deductions of income-tax as source was 4.37 per cent, as compared with 4.68 per cent in the previous year. The total expenses of management expressed as a percentage of the premium income during the year worked out to 28.9 per cent, as compared with 33.2 per cent in the previous year.

Some Indian Life Offices had been operating outside India, mostly in Burma, British East Africa, Ceylon, Federated Malay States and the Straits Settlements. The total new sums insured by these offices outside India in 1940 amounted to Rs. 2,91,00,000 yielding an annual premium income of Rs. 16,00,000, as compared with Rs. 3,45,00,000 yielding an annual premium income of Rs. 19,00,000 in the preceding year. The total sums insured remaining in force at the end of 1940 amounted to Rs. 19,40,00,000 having a premium income of Rs. 96,00,000, as compared with Rs. 17,23,00,000 having a premium income of Rs. 93,00,000 in the previous year.

FARIDPUR: Scenes reminiscent of early days of non-cooperation were witnessed this morning in the station when the train carrying prominent Muslim League leaders, student workers and social workers, arrived here to attend the conference. About two thousand with Muslim League flags and shouting various popular slogans greeted the leaders who were profusely garlanded. Among the prominent people who arrived here from Calcutta were Messrs. Suhrawardy, A. H. Isphani, Shahabudin Fazulrehman, Habibullah Awas, Syed Abdul Majid and Syed Mohammed and others.—Orient Press.

Wisden's Tribute To Late Amar Singh

The 1941 Wisden Cricketers' Almanac, the publication of which was delayed contains the following tribute to the late Amar Singh.

'A very good right hand fast-medium bowler with easy delivery, he swung the ball; and pace from the pitch made him difficult to time. Seldom failing as a taker of wickets, he seemed to reserve his most effective work for the big occasion. Tall, of athletic build, Amar Singh, besides being such a capable bowler, batted freely and fielded brilliantly. Born in December, 1910, he passed away when in his prime.

"Coming to England in 1932, he stood out as a prominent member of the All-India team, dismissing 111 batsmen at a cost of 20.78 each and scoring 641 runs with an average of nearly 23. In the one match played against England he created a good impression at Lord's. Four batsmen fell to him and in an uphill struggle he played a very good innings of 51. After the tour he become a Lancashire league player for the Colne club, who released him for a few matches in 1936 when India rose the status of three Tests. In these engagements with England Amar Singh took ten wickets and averaged 31 with the bat. So well did he bowl at Lord's that he dismissed four of the first five England batsmen for 13 runs and altogether sent back six batsmen for 35 in 25 overs and a ball, so enabling India to lead by 13 on the first innings. England won comfortably by 9 wickets but nothing in the match was more noteworthy than the bowling of the Indian between two batting collapses by his own side. At Old Trafford he hit up 48 and was not out, while at the Oval he gave a brilliant display with the bat, making 44 out of 51 in half-an-hour. These exhibitions of free hitting were in keeping with his most noteworthy performance in 1932, when, going in last but one at Liverpool he played a grand innings of 131 not out against Lancashire; his chanceless hitting was remarkable. His batting average in 1936 tour was 33.30 in 11 innings; second in the bowling list, he took 26 wickets at 23.50 each.

"Against England touring teams Amar Singh met with special success, notably when Lord Tennyson led a side in the winter of 1936. In five representative fixtures, described as "unofficial Tests" he took 36 wickets at a cost of 16 runs apiece, and was largely responsible for India gaining two victories. When Tennyson's team won the rubber match by 156 runs Amar Singh took 9 wickets in 12 overs—all he sent down in two innings."

Rice Exports To Ceylon

Indian Merchants' Protest

The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have addressed the following telegram to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Commerce on the 21st instant:

"Committee Indian Merchants' Chamber addressed a telegram on 12th September requesting Government not to allow any exports of foodstuffs to foreign countries, if they were not assured that the Indian people would be able to get their full requirements, even if such exports were allowed.

The Committee have not received any reply. Meanwhile, they understand that 40,000 tons of rice have already been sent to Ceylon from Karachi. Presumably, much greater quantity has been sent from other Ports like Madras. The situation in Bombay regarding foodstuffs in general and rice in particular is not happy. Rice is the staple food of a large section of people here. The problem, therefore, becomes very complicated, when people cannot get rice or only after much difficulty. Appeals are made by Government to change from rice to millets and vegetables. There can be no change from cereals to vegetables only, and it would be difficult to jump at once from rice to millets. In times of scarcity, of course, people will take anything; but my Committee consider that Government should try all their resources to provide rice to people of the country. They should at least not accentuate it by allowing exports of rice. Over and above, 40,000 tons of rice referred to the Committee are informed arrangements have been entered into between Governments of India and Ceylon for supplying 20,000 tons of rice every month. The population of the country has recently been greatly added by troops and refugees. Looking to all these, Committee requests the Government to be pleased to stop all exports of rice to Ceylon, specially when the Ceylon Government manifested anti-Indian tendencies of pronounced character sometime back, and even now, it is not clear whether they have overcome these tendencies and whether they have given any assurances in this regard".

Payment For Requisitioned Buildings

The Bombay Government has directed that officers for whom buildings are requisitioned should be authorised to pay the landlords provisionally up to 75 per cent of the rent based on Municipal valuation.

As it is not always possible to fix finally rents for requisitioned buildings until some time after the requisition the proposed arrangement is intended to remove hardships caused by such delay.

Bombay Shops Act Suspended For Divali

Some provisions of the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1939, will be suspended during the Divali Holidays, from November 4 to November 10.

Shops dealing in sweet-meats, flowers, fruits, perfumery, jewellery, leather goods, fire-works, cloth, provisions and account-books, hair-cutting saloons and washing companies will be allowed to keep open till 10 p.m.

Employees of such shops, if required to work beyond the prescribed hours, will be entitled to overtime wages.

Awards To Police

The Director of Information writes:—

More police officers and men in Bombay Province have been rewarded for gallantry.

The following have received an expression of Commendation for brave conduct: Inspectors H. T. Merrifield, M. Y. Karnik and B. D. Sawant, of Bombay City; Sub-Inspectors S. G. Sawant and N. K. Deshmukh and Armed Constable Shankar Maruti, of Nasik District; Armed Head Constable B. B. Gaikwad and Unarmed Constable T. H. Powar, of Satara District.

The Indian Police Medal has been awarded to Armed Head Constable A. R. Shikandarkhan, of Satara District; and Sub-Inspector U. A. Bagwan and Unarmed Head Constable M. I. M. Hayat, of East Khandesh District.

A. R. P. Instructor's Course Examination Results

The following candidates are declared successful in the A.R.P. Instructor's Course Examination of the class organised by the Parsi Ambulance Centre of the St. John Ambulance Association and lectured by Mr. C. G. Vakil, B.A., LL.B., Advocate:—

Instructor's Certificate:—Mr. Joseph G. Pereira; 2 Miss Mehera Ratansha Bulsara; 3 Miss Naju Nanabhoy Dubash, B.A.; 4 Mr. D. S. Lallyanpurkar, B.A., LL.B.; 5 Mr. Jehangir D. Katki; 6 Narayan B. Lad, B.Sc.; 7 Miss Jeroo Hormasji Umrigar.

Pass Certificate:—1 Mr. Ahmed H. Vallibhoy; 2 Mr. Pandurang Y. Kadam; 3 Miss Pervin Sorabji Giana; 4 Mr. Pirojsha F. Avari, B.A., 5 Mr. Mathew Jacob; 6 Mr. Hormuz Ratansha Balsara, B.A., B.Com.; 7 Mr. Hasamali H. Laiwala; 8 Mr. Phirozeshah F. Parakh; 9 Mr. Khimji T. Udeshi; 10 Mr. Ali E. Syed.

Activities Of Y. M. H. A.

The Annual Report of the Young Men's Hindu Association.

For the Year Ended 31st December 1941 is issued from which the following paras are extracted:—

The number of members of the Association on 31st December 1941 stood at 480. While giving due attention to the religious aspect of the various Hindu Utsava, the Association, as usual, celebrated some important Utsavas during the year under report, with programmes suitable to promote a feeling of unity and solidarity among the Hindus. The Holika, Janmastami, Dassera and Divali Utsavs were celebrated under the joint auspices of the Association and the Hindu Sanrakshan Mandal.

The second Annual Dinner of the members of the Association was held on 29th March 1941, when about 129 members and guests were present.

During the year under report, the committee with a view to make education of the masses more effective undertook new activities in this sphere with success. A debate was arranged and English and Hindu Elocution Competitions were held. The Association also co-operated with other institutions in arranging lectures on religious and educational subjects.

The Committee after due consideration decided to close the Free Night School conducted by the Association for many years at Lamington Road. This decision the Committee was compelled to take as the attendance in the school was getting meagre mainly on account of the compulsory primary education started by the Bombay Municipality and the opening of the Literacy classes in that and in other localities by the Government of Bombay.

During the year under report the Association conducted classes for ladies in English, sewing, fancy work, Marathi, vocal music and harmonium. A good number of ladies have taken advantage of these classes and that in itself speaks of their popularity and utility. With a view to give the Hindus an incentive to improve their physique and to impress upon them the necessity for such improvement, the Association invited different Vyayamshalas in the city to give an exhibition of physical culture on the occasion of Janmastami and Dassera Utsav celebrations and also held Hututu and Wrestling Tournaments during the Holi Utsav. Prizes were distributed to the winners. The Association is conducting a physical training class for boys and girls below 12 years of age. The number of students attending the class was fairly large.

The Scout Troop was started and affiliated to the Hindustan Scout Association in 1940. There are at present 50 boys in the troops.

We trust that the philanthropic and generous minded amongst the Hindus will not lag behind in extending to us the help and co-operation in our work for the great cause for which we stand and which is dear to every one of us.

Dr. Dara M. Dastur Memorial Fund

The list of donations received through Mr. Nanabhoy F. Mama for the above Fund is as under:—

Rs. 5,176 already acknowledged.

Rs. 25 in memory of our good Dr. Dara from Dorabji Bapuji Ranji; Rs. 25 in loving memory of late Dr. Dara from his patient of 30 years who had always been successfully treated by him: in loving memory of our good doctor; Rs. 101 from Framroz D. Mehta; Rs. 101 from Bai Shirinbai Pirooshaw Mody; Rs. 101 from Bai Ratanbai P. Mody, Rs. 100 from Dr. Sir Jamshed and Lady Duggan; Rs. 25 in memory of late Dr. Dara from Bai Ratanbai Kharshedji Kapadia; Rs. 25 in pious memory of late Dr. Dara from a Zarathushtrian lady; Rs. 10 from a Zarathushtrian lady; through Major S. A. Paymaster, Rs. 11 from Mr. and Mrs. Rustam D. Mody; through Major S. A. Paymaster Rs. 11 from Lieutenant B B Paymaster; Rs. 11 from Seth Sorabji Bomonji Moris; Rs. 15 from Bai Piroja A Ghandy; Rs. 10 from Seth Dady A. Ghandy; Rs. 10 from Bai Bhikhoo A. Ghandy; Rs. 100 from Bai Meherbai and Pirosha H. Padamji, in memory of good and pious Dr. Dara; Rs. 51 from Seth Beramji Sorabji Laikaka; Rs. 20 from Dr. Rustom B. Bilimoria; Rs. 11 from Bai Tehemina Minocher Pavri; Rs. 50 from Seth Shapurji N. Gazdar; Rs. 30 from Seth Cavasshaw S. Founwalla; Rs. 150 from Seth Naserwanji Piroshaw Engineer; Rs. 15 from Seth Kavasshaw H. L. Batliwalla; Rs. 10 from Mrs. K. K. Laikaka; Rs. 30 from Doli Kharshedji Kapadia; Rs. 200 in ever dear memory of our good Dr. Dara from his grateful patients; making a total Rs. 6,424.

MUSLIM LEAGUE CIVIL DEFENCE COMMITTEE

BOMBAY, Oct. 21.

At a special meeting of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League Civil Defence Committee held on 19th instant at the office of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League, reports received from the various District Civil Defence Committees were considered. While satisfactory progress has been made by these Committees in enrolling a large number of Muslim National Guards it was found that Muslims in almost all the district and also in the city of Bombay, were experiencing difficulty in obtaining essential food-stuffs and sugar.

With a view to tackle this problem and to take adequate measures to remove such difficulties effectively a Committee was set up consisting of all the members of the Provincial Muslim League Civil Defence Committee. The Committee will set out on tour on the 28th October or thereabout and will visit important places like Poona, Sholapur, Bijapur etc. In consultation with the local Muslim League organisations the Committee excepts to organise the civil defence work for the protection of life, honour and property of Muslims in conformity with the programme of the All-India Muslim League with necessary modifications to meet special local conditions. This Committee will be under the Chairmanship of Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, M.L.A.—Orient Press.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

For Indian Red Cross and Amenities for troops:—

Rs. 70 The Staff of Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ltd., (monthly); Rs. 53 Through the Sub-Treasury Officer, Halol, Broach and Panch Mahals.

For the R.A.F.—

Rs. 110 Mr. I. Kerendian; Rs. 10 The Staff of Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ltd., (monthly); Rs. 53-7-0 Through the Sub-Treasury Officer, Halol, Broach and Panch Mahals; Rs. 50 The Members of the Staff of Messrs. Asea Electric, Ltd., (monthly).

Grand total on Tuesday (including sums less than Rs. 50) Rs. 1,04,71,681-13-2.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 26.

The following is the weather-chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours on 23-10-42:—

Allahabad 94 67 0, Bombay 89 75 0, Calcutta 93 71. 0, Cawnpore 95 55 0, Cuttack 91 72 0, Delhi 94 68 0, Dehra Dun 82 59 0, Jacobabad 102 72 0, Karachi 84 75 0, Lahore 95 62 0, Lucknow 94 63 0, Madras 87 75 0, Nagpur 92 63 0, Patna 91 69 0, Peshawar 92 60 0, Simla 67 51 0.—A. P.

THE PRESENT SITUATION

Hindu Mahasabha Position Explained

The "Mahratta" writes:—

It is an open secret that a small section of Hindu Sabhaites was eager to merge the Hindu Sabha as a body in the vortex of the present uncontrolled disturbances. In its first flush, the present movement had the very deceptive appearance of a revolution. It has not been however anything more than a violent outburst of popular discontent. The motive was in most cases to bring a sort of moral pressure on the Government by embarrassment and induce it ultimately to 'yield' and concede the people's demand.

Although the movement strayed far away from the Congress policy of non-violence, it has been still mainly a movement for attaining Swaraj as a willing or unwilling concession from the Government and not for establishment of Swaraj. The process of 'attaining' Swaraj as a concession from the Government cannot in the real sense be called "revolutionary".

We do not say this in disparagement of the movement, because a revolution is an impossibility in the present circumstances. We note this only in order to refute the plea of some supporters of the movement who try to beguile young men by telling them that it is a 'revolution'.

Whatever has happened since August 9, it was not contemplated by the Congress. Gandhiji during the last twenty years incessantly preached non-violence, deprecated unruly conduct of mobs, condemned the cult of the bomb and loathed secrecy in any movement. Gandhiji always claimed that there was a phenomenal spread of non-violence among the masses in India. In his speeches on the eve of launching of the campaign Gandhiji entreated all who were not ready to follow the non-violent and non-secrecy discipline to keep themselves aloof from the movement. At the close of his introductory speech in the last A.I.C.C. meeting, Gandhiji appealed to all in most unambiguous terms to observe non-violence. He said that "non-violence was a precious jewel. There was nothing to equal it in the vast firmament above, let alone this small globe of a world. But that was his non-violence. To them he was putting it as a matter of principle. For the sake of Indian freedom, he would ask them to observe complete non-violence in action, if not in thought. If they wanted him to take the leadership, they should agree to that much, as if it were a military discipline. That was the least he expected from them."

Yet within two days from the starting of the movement non-violence and non-secrecy were thrown to the winds.

All-pro-Congress citizens and pro-Congress journals are not, however, equally frank in telling the truth that the present disturbances are a caricature of what the Congress movement was intended to be. It is an illegitimate product. It is not a non-violent movement to bring about a change of heart leading to a willing and orderly relinquishment of power." It cannot be a revolution. It is neither here nor there. It has captivated a section of the public having very crude political ideas and thoughts. We do not blame this ignorant section. They do not possess the capacity to weigh things properly.

"The absence of secrecy and presence of complete openness were since 1920 paraded as the necessary accompaniments of non-violence. Can anyone honestly call the events of the last two months as an operation of the "accummulated non-violent strength of the last twenty years"? On the other hand, these events prove that the much-advertised growth of non-violence during the last twenty years was no more than a myth!

The next objectionable step for the pro-Congress intelligentsia was to goad the Hindu Sabhaites and entangle them in the disturbances. Incessant appeals to Hindu Sanghatanists were made in the secret Congress Bulletins. Rumours of the arrest of Veer Savarkar and the Hindu Mahasabha Working Committee were started in order to push the Hindu Sanghatanist-section of the public in the cauldron of the present discontents!

The public is repeatedly told that if the Mahasabha supports the Congress demand it must necessarily follow what is being called "the Congress movement." It is further argued that the Hindu Sabhaites had never made a fetish of non-violence, truth and secrecy and so they cannot have any objection to join the uncontrolled and mad mob fury, engineered at times even by false rumours and promises!

There are weighty reasons which touch the very fundamentals of the Mahasabha that have led the Mahasabha to preserve its neutrality in face of the gravest provocations to the contrary. Now that the first flush of the movement has gone, it is time to tell the public frankly about it, because they would be now in a mood to consider it dispassionately.

Dr. Dara M. Dastur Memorial Fund

The list of donations received through Mr. Nanabhoy F. Mama for the above Fund is as under:—

Rs. 5,176 already acknowledged.

Rs. 25 in memory of our good Dr. Dara from Dorabji Bapuji Ranji; Rs. 25 in loving memory of late Dr. Dara from his patient of 30 years who had always been successfully treated by him: in loving memory of our good doctor; Rs. 101 from Framroz D. Mehta; Rs. 101 from Bai Shirinbai Pirooshaw Mody; Rs. 101 from Bai Ratanbai P. Mody, Rs. 100 from Dr. Sir Jamshed and Lady Duggan; Rs. 25 in memory of late Dr. Dara from Bai Ratanbai Kharshedji Kapadia; Rs. 25 in pious memory of late Dr. Dara from a Zarathushtrian lady; Rs. 10 from a Zarathushtrian lady; through Major S. A. Paymaster, Rs. 11 from Mr. and Mrs. Rustam D. Mody; through Major S. A. Paymaster Rs. 11 from Lieutenant B B Paymaster; Rs. 11 from Seth Sorabji Bomonji Moris; Rs. 15 from Bai Piroja A Ghandy; Rs. 10 from Seth Dady A. Ghandy; Rs. 10 from Bai Bhikhoo A. Ghandy; Rs. 100 from Bai Meherbai and Pirosha H. Padamji, in memory of good and pious Dr. Dara; Rs. 51 from Seth Beramji Sorabji Laikaka; Rs. 20 from Dr. Rustom B. Bilimoria; Rs. 11 from Bai Tehemina Minocher Pavri; Rs. 50 from Seth Shapurji N. Gazdar; Rs. 30 from Seth Cavasshaw S. Founwalla; Rs. 150 from Seth Naserwanji Piroshaw Engineer; Rs. 15 from Seth Kavasshaw H. L. Batliwalla; Rs. 10 from Mrs. K. K. Laikaka; Rs. 30 from Doli Kharshedji Kapadia; Rs. 200 in ever dear memory of our good Dr. Dara from his grateful patients; making a total Rs. 6,424.

MUSLIM LEAGUE CIVIL DEFENCE COMMITTEE

BOMBAY, Oct. 21.

At a special meeting of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League Civil Defence Committee held on 19th instant at the office of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League, reports received from the various District Civil Defence Committees were considered. While satisfactory progress has been made by these Committees in enrolling a large number of Muslim National Guards it was found that Muslims in almost all the district and also in the city of Bombay, were experiencing difficulty in obtaining essential food-stuffs and sugar.

With a view to tackle this problem and to take adequate measures to remove such difficulties effectively a Committee was set up consisting of all the members of the Provincial Muslim League Civil Defence Committee. The Committee will set out on tour on the 28th October or thereabout and will visit important places like Poona, Sholapur, Bijapur etc. In consultation with the local Muslim League organisations the Committee excepts to organise the civil defence work for the protection of life, honour and property of Muslims in conformity with the programme of the All-India Muslim League with necessary modifications to meet special local conditions. This Committee will be under the Chairmanship of Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, M.L.A.—Orient Press.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

For Indian Red Cross and Amenities for troops:—

Rs. 70 The Staff of Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ltd., (monthly); Rs. 53 Through the Sub-Treasury Officer, Halol, Broach and Panch Mahals.

For the R.A.F.—

Rs. 110 Mr. I. Kerendian; Rs. 10 The Staff of Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ltd., (monthly); Rs. 53-7-0 Through the Sub-Treasury Officer, Halol, Broach and Panch Mahals; Rs. 50 The Members of the Staff of Messrs. Asea Electric, Ltd., (monthly).

Grand total on Tuesday (including sums less than Rs. 50) Rs. 1,04,71,681-13-2.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 26.

The following is the weather-chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours on 23-10-42:—

Allahabad 94 67 0, Bombay 89 75 0, Calcutta 93 71. 0, Cawnpore 95 55 0, Cuttack 91 72 0, Delhi 94 68 0, Dehra Dun 82 59 0, Jacobabad 102 72 0, Karachi 84 75 0, Lahore 95 62 0, Lucknow 94 63 0, Madras 87 75 0, Nagpur 92 63 0, Patna 91 69 0, Peshawar 92 60 0, Simla 67 51 0.—A. P.

LUCKNOW MONKEYS TO BE EVACUATED.

Health Officer's Scheme Demands Rs. 10,000 For Expenditure

LUCKNOW, Oct. 27.

An evacuation scheme for monkeys has been prepared by the Health Officer of Lucknow and if the Municipal Board sanctions the necessary expenditure estimated at Rs. 10,000 the city will witness a giant exodus of monkeys to the green forest between Tehta and Bellaraien stations on the R. K Railway.

Two contractors are stated to have agreed to undertake the job of ridding the city of these pests at the rate of Rs. 1-4-0 per monkey.

Reports received by the Municipal Board from various areas of the city indicate that these animals have caused damage to the gardens and property during the past year and a half and have terrorised women and children in some localities.

Besides attacking small children instances have come to light when monkeys have bitten men and women, interfered with electric fuses thereby plunging buildings in darkness and stolen food lying in houses.—A. P.

ALIGARH OLD BOYS ASSOCIATION.

(From A Correspondent.)

ALIGARH, Oct. 27.

Several Old Boys are pressing the Vice-Chancellor to issue a statement on the affairs of the Old Boys Association. It is, however, understood that he will do so only after consulting the Executive Council of the University.

It will be remembered that Mr. Zafar Umar and his party recently took the affairs of the Association to law court in preference to the proposal for arbitration by a small Committee of Old Boys themselves, which was put forward by several prominent Old Boys. General resentment is felt both inside and outside the University against this action which is held to be contrary to the tradition and the prestige of the Association and the University.

A keen eye — a strong finger — and here's a budding champion at marbles. What a pity it is that this popular game must be played where there's dust and dirt around. For there is danger in dirt.

Do you know that dirt breeds germs? And that the germs in everyday dirt can cause many illnesses? Check it up with your doctor — he'll tell you!

He'll tell you, too, that there can be no easier way to guard against this danger than by *regular*, frequent washing with antiseptic Lifebuoy. This popular soap contains a special health-protecting element. If every marbles champion — yes, and every healthy youngster — is trained to the Lifebuoy habit, you need not worry about the danger in dirt.

LIFEBUOY is more than a good soap—it's a good HABIT—

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe Jeff Can't Get the Circus Off His Mind

By BUD FISHER

WOW! I WOULDN'T BELIEVE IT IF I DIDN'T SEE IT WITH MY OWN EYES!
SEE WHAT?
A BABY BEING RAISED ON CAMEL'S MILK! AND IT'S GAINING FIVE POUNDS EVERY DAY!
ARE YOU NUTS?
NO, HONEST, MUTT, IT'S A FACT!
WHOSE BABY?
THE CAMEL'S!
?

HOW WOMEN CAN WIN MEN AND MEN WIN

Respect of Other Men

Unless two pints of bile juice flow daily from your liver into your bowels, your food decays in your bowels. This poisons your whole body. You get yellow tongue, yellow skin, pimples, dull eyes, bad breath, bad taste, gas, dizziness, headache. You have become an ugly-looking, foul-smelling, sour-thinking person. Everybody wants to run from you.

Laxatives can't help, for they only move out the tail end of your bowels and that doesn't take away the decayed poison.

Only a free flow of your bile juice will stop this decay poison in your bowels. The one mild vegetable medicine which starts a free flow of your bile juice is Carter's Little Liver Pills. No calomel in Carter's. Only fine, mild, vegetable extracts. If you would bring back your personal charm, start taking Carter's Little Liver Pills according to directions today.

GUARD *against* EAR TROUBLE

Ear trouble is something which no one can contemplate with calmness, for diseases of the ear such as abscesses, septic boils, etc. can easily cause life-long damage. You will spare yourself pain and grave risk by bathing your ears regularly with a few drops of Enozone Hydrogen Peroxide. This wonderful toilet antiseptic can be used in a score of ways. Always keep a bottle handy for:—

- CUTS AND BRUISES
- SORE THROAT
- CHAFING AND SORENESS
- PIMPLES AND BOILS
- PERSONAL HYGIENE
- ETC.

ENOZONE
(HYDROGEN PEROXIDE)
SAFE · CLEAN · EFFICIENT

IT IS GENUINE ECONOMY TO BUY A—
Pro-phy-lac-tic
Perma-Grip
IT LASTS LONGER
23-A

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE RESUMES NORMAL BUSINESS

Increased General Selling In Steel Shares

Bombay, Oct. 27.

The local Share Bazar resumed normal business in the trading Hall. For the last few days, there were reports of considerable private business being done every day and while it was difficult to ascertain the extent of business and fair working quotations, the fact remained that several members were arranging transactions from offices and over the telephone. This lead to irregular price movement and to-day the market resumed business in a normal state: At the opening there was some private business but later on attendance increased in the trading Hall and the regular business was being done with as usual bids coming from buyers and sellers. Somewhat disquietening was news induced realising sales and prices assumed sagging tendency. There was only cash business as all forward business remains suspended for the period of War. Daily working hours are now changed and regular business will be done between 12-30 and 3 p.m. daily while the Exchange will remain closed on Saturdays.

Recently there was considerable investment buying under the influence of extreme ease of money, encouraging war news and better industrial reports. Tata Steel Defds. were quoted as high as Rs. 1700. But today there was heavy unloading. Jap raids on Chittagong and Assam discouraged buyers and prices assumed sagging tendency. There was heavy selling in Tata Steel Dfd. shares which recorded drastic decline and were quoted at Rs. 1550 cotton Mill shares failed to escape the effect and they also joined the decline. Later on there was scattered buying and Dfds. improved to Rs. 1580 and steadied at Rs. 1570. The market was steady at the decline.

TEXTILE SECTION

Ahmedabad Advance 62; Bharat Mills 81/8; Bombay Dyeing 1610; Central India 410; Century 597; Colaba 240; Dawn 350; E. D. Sassoon 3/10 1/4; Finlay 263; Gokak 359; Hindustan 2750; Indian Manfg 2775; Indian Bleaching 2352; Indore Malwa 596; Khatau 245; Kohinoor 593; Lakshmi 1050; Madhowji 21; Minerva 152/8; Model Nagpur 295; Morarji 820; New Great 390; Mysore 195; Phoenix 518; Podar Mills 276; Sassoon Silk 105; Sholapur 7375; Simplex 256; Swadeshi 455; Swan 251; Tata Mills 45; Vishnu 2100; Western India 2440.

INSURANCE SECTION

Bombay Life 162/8; Empire Life 675; Ind. Mercantile 70; Indust. and Prudent. 34; Jupiter 15/6; New India 58; Oriental 4145; Vulcan 10.

HYDRO AND ELECTRIC SECTION

Ahmedabad 180/10; Ajmere 13/12; And Val ord 1710/12 xd; Bom. Tram ord 140 xd; Bom. Suburban 190; Broach 13; Karachi 196/4; Poona 239/12; Surat 185; Surat New Rs. 50 Pd Prem 76/4; Tata Hydro ord 182 xd; Tata Power ord 1615 xd.

BANK SECTION

Bank of India 154; Baroda 121; Bombay Provincial 55; Central 56/4; Imperial F P 1640; Imperial P P 405; Reserve 104/8; Union 7/2; Habib 70/4.

PREFERENCE SHARES

7 per cent Andhra Valley 1580; 6 per cent Bombay Steamer 330; 7 per cent Bombay Tram 75; 6 per cent Central India 682/8; 6 1/2 per cent Jupiter 15/4; 6 1/2 per cent Surat 192/8; 6 1/4 per cent Prem Const 1st 122/8; 6 1/4 per cent Prem Const 2nd 134/12; 6 per cent Tata I and S 1st 206/4; 7 1/2 per cent Tata I and S 2nd 135/8; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Power xd 1610; 7 per cent Hydro xd 163/8; 7 per cent Vishnu 770.

DEBENTURES

4 per cent Andhra Valley 103; 4 per cent Tata Power 166/4; 5 per cent Sholapur Rs. 64 Pd 72/12; Marsland Price 113/8; 5 per cent Morarji 102/12; 4 per cent Tata Chemical 161.

RAILWAY SECTION

Ahmedabad Prantej 930; Central Province 106; Dhond Baramati 105; Gujarat 107; Hoshiarpur Doab 97; Mandra Bhon 108/12; Mymensing Rebate 101; Mymensing Gtd 205; Pachora Jamner 98; Sara Sirajganj 102; Sialkot Narowal 115; Sialkot New 48/8; Sind Light 77; Upper Sind Light 114

MISCELLANEOUS SECTION

Alembic Chemical 260; Alcock Ashdown 545; Associated Cement 190; B B Petrol 1/15; Bel. Sugar 232; Bombay Burma Old 275; Bombay Burma New 90; Bombay Steamer 410; Indian Radio Ord 385; Indian Radio Defd 368; Invest Trust 50;; Prem Const 129; Port Canning 88; Scindia 24; Shivrajpur 60; Tata ord 332; Tata defd 1577/8; Tata Chemical 23; Tata Oil 72/8; Wimco 267/8; Burma Corp. 2/14; B.I.C. 5/14; Indian Copper 2/5; Indian Iron 32/8; Steel Corp of Bengal 20/2; New Victoria ord 7/12.

REVISED PRICE FOR RICE

The Government of Bombay has revised the maximum wholesale and retail prices of country rice. The present maximum prices of Thana and Kolaba rice in Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District are as follows:—

Thana Rice.	Wholesale Price.	RETAIL PRICE. Bombay.	Bombay Suburban District.
(1) Ordinary Jirasal and Kasnya	Rs. 102 per candy of 6 1/2 cwts.	Re. 0-15-6 per paylee	Re. 0-15-9 per paylee
(2) Zinia, Surti Kolumb or Nawabi Kolumb	Rs. 121 per candy of 6 1/2 cwts.	Rs. 1- 2-3 per paylee	Rs. 1- 2-6 per paylee
Kolaba Rice: All varieties except Patni and Bhadas	Re. 92 per candy of 6 1/2 cwts.	Re. 0-15-0 per paylee	Re. 0-15-3 per paylee

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 27.

The local market was officially open today but no business was done in the trading Hall. However private nominal quotation is Rs. 396 for Jarila January.

To-day Balance Sheets are being submitted and to-morrow there will be inware payment and on Thursday there will be outward payment.

The market remains firm with moderate covering. Bulls are not inclined to part with their Holdings and shorts find it difficult to cover sales and are forced to pay any price dictated. Thus the market in the absence of free and normal trading is passing through precarious state. Prices have now advanced about rupees one hundred per candy from August low levels and it remains to be seen how far bulls will be able to hold.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Oct. 27.

Yesterday London gold was quoted at £-8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York. London spot and forward silver quotations were 23 1/2d. The local market remains steady with a moderate business and prices are stationary around present levels. Some operators fear Government Control and are becoming cautious otherwise the undertone is very steady. Ready silver is quoted at Rs. 106/4 and gold at Rs. 60/4.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 25.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£57 1/2
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£100 5/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£82 3/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 5/16
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent Ex Div.	£104 9/16
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£114 5/16
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£114 11/16
Chartered Bank of I. A. & China	£7 7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	£63 1/2
National Bank of India	£28 3/4

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

Bombay, Oct. 27.

On Monday the New York cotton market was quiet with a slightly increased selling pressure. Hedge selling was absorbed by moderate trade demand. So far there is no news from Washington regarding price ceilings.

The market opened steady at a rise of 4 points with March quoted at 18.39. Later on there was increased selling and March declined to 18.32. The market finally closed at a net decline of 3 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices were unchanged at 19.89c. per lb.

The New Orleans Cotton marke twas quiet and closed at a decline of 7 to 9 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 8 points at 18.82c. per lb.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Oct. 26.

December	18.29—03
January	18.27—03
March	18.32—06
Middling spot	19.39

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Oct. 26.

December	18.41—09
January	18.47—08
March	18.54—07
Middling spot	18.82—08

NOON CALL.

New York, Oct. 26.

December	18.25
March	18.38

LONDON SILVER.

London, Oct. 26.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD.

London, Oct. 26.

London gold, fine per oz. £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Oct. 26.

T. T. London on:—
New York sellers 4.02 1/2 buyers 4.03 1/2
Madrid official 40.5
Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.47
Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4
Stockholm sellers 15.85 buyers 15.95

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Oct. 27.

LONDON—
Banks buying 90 Days/St. 1/6 9/32 Two Months.
Banks buying 90 Days/St. 1/6 5/16 Three Months.
Banks buying 90 Days/St 1/6 5/16 Four Months.
B C Rates T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/5 1/32 D D 1/6 5/32
LONDON/NEW YORK—
Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4 D D Rs. 332 3/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2 D D Rs. 325 1/2
LONDON/MONTREAL—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D D Rs. 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4 D D Rs. 294 3/4
LONDON/BERNE—
Banks selling T T Fcs 125 3/4
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2
LONDON/STOCKHOLM—
Banks selling T T K 123 D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128 D D K 128
MEXICO/LONDON—
Banks selling T T Rs 67.27 D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs 63.04 D D Rs 62.04
LISBON/LONDON—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom D D Esc 7.35 nom
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55 D D Esc 7.55
AUSTRALIA/LONDON—
Banks selling T T 1/10 3/8 D D 1/10 3/8
Banks buying T T — D D 1/11 3/8
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready
New York Silver 44 3/4
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready 23 1/2 Forward
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call and 1 to 3 months not quoting.
4 to 6 months 1/4 per cent.
7 to 12 months 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Very Easy.

Bengal Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. 50,00,000 (Rupees fifty lacs only) of three months' Government of Bengal Treasury Bills will be received at the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay up to 11 a.m. (S.T.) on Wednesday the 4th November 1942 and at the office of the Reserve Bank of India in Calcutta up to the close of business on Tuesday the 3rd November 1942.

Bills will be of the following denominations, viz. Rs. 25,000 Rs. 50,000, Rs. 1,00,000, Rs. 5,00,000 and Rs 10,00,000.

Successful tenderers will be required to make payment and take up their bills on Friday the 6th November 1942.

Latest Commercial

COTTON

MARCH

New York, Oct. 27

Previous closing	18.32
To-day's opening	18.35
Difference	+03

To-day's closing See Stop Press.

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, Oct. 27

Previous closing	4.03 3/4
To-day's opening	not received

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, Oct. 27.

Previous closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's opening 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, Oct. 27.

SEEDS

Castorseeds Bombay October/November (£28 1/2 quoted) £28 1/2 quoted
Linseed Calcutta October/November (£22 1/2 quoted) £22 1/2 quoted
Linseed La Plata October/November unquoted.
Groundnuts Coromandal October/November East Coast Indian shipment (£24 1/2 quoted) £24 1/2 quoted. West Coast Indian shipment (£25 1/4) £25 1/4 quoted

LONDON METALS

Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh

LONDON BULLION

LONDON GOLD
London, Oct. 27.
London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER
London, Oct 27.
Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d

CROSS RATES
London, Oct. 27.
London on Bombay (1-5 1/32 sellers 1-5 31/32 buyers) 1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 27.

The London Stock Exchange was mainly firm to-day.

New York Stock Exchange

New York, Oct. 27

The New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—
General Motors (dol 41 3/4) dol 41
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 27 1/4) dol 27 1/8
United States Steel Common (dol 49 5/8) dol 49 3/8
United States Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

3½ PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, Oct. 27.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £100 5/8

AUSTRALIAN LOAN

5 per cent Commonwealth £101 1/16

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £82 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £107 5/16
3 per cent Conversion Loan £100 3/8
4 per cent Funding Loan £114 5/16
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £104 9/16 ex div
3 per cent War Loan £101 7/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds £114 5/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 19-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 39-3
Electric Music Industry 17-7 1/2
Princhin Johnson 27-6
Imperial Chemical 35-6
Woolsworth Ordinary 57-3
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates £79 1/2
Dunlop Rubber 32-9
Unilever Ordinary 30-6
Ford Motors 29-10 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £70
British American Tobacco Ordy £4 15/32
Carreras 'A' £6
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 29/32
P and O Defd 34-6
Distillers 81-3
Bradford Dyers 15-9
British Celanese 14-7 1/2
J and P Coates 41-9
Courtaulds Ordinary 41-7 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners 15-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary 18-1 1/2
Inter Nickels dol 46-1 1/2
Indian Iron 48-9

TEA SHARES

Assam 17-0
Donaro Tea 30-7 1/2
Empire of India 18-6

JUTE

Barnagore £5

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber 11-9
Gula Kelampong 8-9
Rubber Plant 16-7 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 17-6
Burma Corporation 4-9
Rio Tintos £8
East Rand Properties £1 27/32
Rand Mines £7 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown £9 1/4
Associated Portland Cement 55-0
Trinidad Leasehold 75-1 1/2
Sub-Nigel £6 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares £0 15/16
Union Corporation 142-6

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 39-4 1/2
Anglo-India 65-7 1/2
Burma Oil £2 9/32
Mexican Eagle £12
Shell Transport £3
Royal Dutch £22 3/4

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £54
London Midland Ordinary £25
London North Eastern Defd £3 5/8
London Southern Defd £21 3/8
London Transport 5 per cent £125 1/2
London Transport 'C' £54 3/4

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct. 27.

2 3/4 p.c. 1948/52 Loan	Rs.	98/15
3 1/2 p.c. G. P. Notes		94/0
3 p.c. 1949/52 Loan		100/3
3 p.c. 1951/54 Loan		99/14
3 1/2 p.c. 1947/50 Loan		103/3
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan		95/6
4 p.c. 1943 Bond		102/4
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan		110/2
4 1/2 p.c. 1955/60 Loan		114/0
3 per cent 1946 Def. Loan		102/8

TAX FREE LOANS.

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan		109/2
4 p.c. 1963/63 Mysore		116/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore		127/8

CORP. DEBENTURES.

4 p.c. B.P.T. 1974		107/4
4 p.c. M. Deb 1974		108/12
5 p.c. M. Deb 1959		115/12
6 p.c. M. Deb 1954		127/0
6 p.c. K.P.T. 1956		126/0

WALL-STREET MARKET.

New York, Oct. 24.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report of the New York Stock Exchange quotations.—

Electric Bond and Share	dol 5
Pfd.	dol 42
Electric Power and Lt. 7 p.c. Pfd.	30
American Telephone and Tel.	126 1/2
New York Central R.R	11 7/8
New York and Hudson River R.R. 5 p.c. 2013	56
Chesapeake and Ohio	34 1/4
Union Pacific	83
N.Y. Chicago and St. Louis 5 p.c. Pfd.	41
Bethlehem Steel	58 1/8
U. S. Steel	49 3/8
Crucible Steel	35 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	27 1/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	29 7/8
Chrysler Motors	66
General Motors	41
Eaton Manufacturing	33 1/2
Sears Roebuck	54 1/2
duPont de Nemours	131
National City Bank of N Y.	26 5/8
Australia 5 per cent 1955	70
Consolidated Oil	6 7/8

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Oct. 26.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Oct/Nov. quoted	25/10 1/2
Wheat Barletta Russo	unquoted
Wheat South Australia Oct/Nov. quoted	28 man.—Orient Press.

DHARAMSHALA OPENED AT BHUJ

(From Our Correspondent.)

BHUJ, Oct. 26.

Maharaoshree Vijayraojisaheb inaugurated Mithabai Dharmashala for relatives of those T. B. victims who can not afford special block charges in Sheth Vallabhdas Karsondas Natha T. B. Sanatorium. Before a large gathering from Bhuj and Mandvi, including the Royal Family, Chief Medical Officer Dr. Tasker detailed the institution's report and stressed the need of T. B. clinics in Cutch.

Maharaoshree made a speech thanking Haridasbha for the donation and offering tributes to Dr. Jadavji Hansraj who is the main inspirer of the scheme.

Hajis Warned

KARACHI, Oct. 27.

In view of the recent announcement that arrangements exist for Haj pilgrimape 'via' Basrah, a number of Haj pilgrims have already arrived in Karachi. The expected shipping facilities, however are not at present available and the chairman of the Karachi Port Haj Committee has requested the Government of India either to make shipping available or issue a notification making the position clear. Meanwhile, intending Haj pilgrims have been advised to postpone coming to Karachi until the position is clarified.—A.P.

INDIAN ARMY

Percentage Of Representation Of Communities

The New Delhi correspondent of the "Tribune" writes:—

It is possible for me to mention the percentages of the several classes that compose the Indian Army, as they stood on the 1st August 1942:

Muslims	33 p.c.
Sikhs	8.5 p.c.
Gurkhas	6 p.c.
Hindus (including Madras Classes)	49.5 p.c.
Christians	0.5 p.c.
Others	3.4 p.c.

The Muslim proportion bears fairly close resemblance to the proportion of the community in the population. The Hindus are about 80. The Sikhs who are 50 lakhs or one per cent of India's population are in a position to claim 8.5 per cent.

Muslim Congressman Resigns

NAGPUR, Oct. 26.

Mr. Kazi Syed Mohammed Ali, a prominent Congress worker of Berar has tendered his resignation to the Berar Provincial Congress Committee. He has been associated with the Congress for the last twenty years and has been a member of the Provincial Congress Committee. He held a responsible position in Congress circles and is a member of the Buldana District School Board and the District Board. In a statement to the press he says that he is convinced that Hindus do not want to establish a true national government in the country but Hindu Raj only. Mr. Gandhi himself has given up his lifelong principle of Hindu-Muslim unity. Mr. Kazi Syed has given a long list of grievances under which Muslims have to suffer in Berar under local bodies which, he says, conclusively proves that Muslims can never expect justice from Hindus. He says that he still strongly believes in Hindu-Muslim unity, but the way to achieve this is to accept the right of self-determination for Muslims and to give up every idea of Hindu domination.—Orient Press.

MAZAGAON DOCK DISPUTE ADJUDICATION

The Government of Bombay have referred the trade disputes between the Mazagaon Dock Ltd., the Alcock Ashdown and Co. and the Bombay Steam Navigation Co. Ltd. and their employees for adjudication, and have appointed Mr. Alma Latif to adjudicate them.

The Government have also referred the trade disputes between the Ahmed Oil and Leather Cloth Factory (including the Anti-Gas Fabric Plant), the Ahmed Silk Mills and the Ahmed Woollen Mills, all situated in Ambernath and their employees for adjudication and appointed Mr. E. M. Nanavaty to adjudicate them.

Buoyant Tone In London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The Stock Exchange maintained generally buoyant tendency to-day on favourable war news. South American rails were the outstanding feature, recording gains of a pound or more in ordinaries and Preferences on fair inquiry finding acute shortage of stock following recent advance. Industrials were also good, especially Textiles, while Oils, Rubbers, Teas, South African Goldminings and Chinese bonds also tended higher. Canpacks turned easy, after early firmness, while Cunards reacted somewhat and United Kingdom Rails moved lower in the absence of support. Some profit-taking at the close was well absorbed. Wall Street was quiet.—Reuter.

Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Eight Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 27th October 1942. Total amount offered was Rs. 13,40,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-13-5 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-13-3 allotted approximately 37 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 8,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-10-3 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Eight Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday the 3rd November 1942, in Bombay up to 11 a.m. (S.T.) and up to the close of business on Monday the 2nd November 1942 at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 6th November 1942. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 23rd October 1942, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 37,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 26

The A. R. P. Protest Conference which was held at Faridpur passed the following resolution:—

"In view of the wide unrest and agitation prevailing in the province on the gross injustice done to Muslims by the present government in connection with A.R.P and other allied civil defence services, this protest A. R. P. Conference demands that effect be given to rule 13 within a month from this date failing which A.R.P. Council of Action be authorised to take any action they deem fit."—Orient Press.

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26

It is understood that Mr J. Natarajan, Principal Information Officer, Government of India, has been placed on special duty in China, to study publicity problems and make proper arrangements for Government of India publicity and to organise the exchange of publicity materials between the two countries on similar lines established in Washington, in order to assist the next Agent General in Chungking Mr. Syed Alija will be the Officiating Principal Information Officer, in the place of Mr. Natarajan.—Orient Press.

In accordance with Mahasabha Working Committee's resolution, Mr. Savarkar has constituted an All-India Enquiry Committee consisting of six persons, Mr. Gauribhanker Pershad of Bihar will work as Chairman.—Orient Press.

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Wednesday, October 28, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

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Six Lakhs Americans Overseas

Not A Single Soldier Lost Due To Navy's Efficiency

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 27.

The American Navy has escorted over 600,000 troops overseas "without the loss of a single soldier' said the Director of United States Navy Public Relations, Capt. Leland P. Lovette in a speech here.

U-boats were now "wolfpacking" convoys, sending two or three submarines each side the long line of ships.

Convoy To Russia

After discussing the northern supply route to Russia, he said; "We lost heavily on this front but if 50 per cent of the cargo gets through then it is worth it".

Of Japanese activities in the Aleutians he said; "Never in amphibious war has an outfit lost so much for so little gained". He revealed that fourteen Japanese vessels, including six destroyers, had definitely been sunk.—Reuter.

The Enquiry Committee appointed by the Hindu Mahasabha will meet in Delhi in December to discuss from the provincial organisations reports regarding collective fines.—Orient Press.

India Is America's Problem

Willkie Emphasises Duty Of Britain And U. S. To Allies

REITERATES DEMAND FOR SECOND FRONT IN EUROPE

NEW YORK, October 27.

Mr. Willkie in a broadcast to the American people reiterated the demand for a second front in Europe and asserted that the record of the war to date was not such as to inspire "any sublime faith in the infallibility of our military and naval experts."

Mr. Willkie described as "misdirected censorship" the idea that non-military experts or persons unconnected with Government should refrain from making suggestions regarding the conduct of war—"military experts as well as our leaders must constantly be exposed to democracy's greatest driving power THE WHIPLASH OF PUBLIC OPINION DEVELOPED FROM HONEST AND FREE DISCUSSION.

I reiterate that we and our Allies must establish a second fighting front in Europe.

I also hope shortly we can put the considerable force in India to aggressive use in an all out attack on Burma as General Wavell has urged."

After describing what is termed the "reservoir of goodwill" existing in the nations he visited, Mr. Willkie asserted the RESERVOIR WAS NEVERTHELESS LEAKING "DANGEROUSLY" THROUGH HOLES NOT PUNCHED BY HITLER BUT BY US.

One of those leaks was the "tragically small" amount of war material reaching the embattled legions of the United Nations, he warned, "if we fail to deliver to our Allies what they are entitled to expect from us or what we have promised them, our reservoir of goodwill will turn into one of resentment.

Broken Promises

We owe them more than boasts and broken promises." Failure to define clearly our war aims is also losing friends for us.

He suggested that by silence on the part of the United States toward the problem of Indian independence, "We have already drawn heavily on the reservoir of goodwill in the East."

Making clear that the remarks were not intended to refer to the British Commonwealth of Nations Mr Willkie suggested however that "the British colonial possessions are but the remnants of the empire" and there are millions of men and women within the Commonwealth "working selflessly and with great skill towards reducing these remnants and extending the Commonwealth in the place of the colonial system."

No First Class And Second Class Allies

Mr. Willkie added. "We must wipe out the distinction in our minds between "First Class" and "Second Class" Allies.

We must send to represent us among all our Allies really distinguished men who are important enough in their own right to dare tell our President the truth".

"India is our problem. If Japan should conquer the vast sub-ontinent we should be losers.

In the same sense the Philippines are a British problem. If we fail to deliver by force of arms the independence we have promised to the Philippinos, the whole Pacific world will be the loser."

The United States consistently failed to send to the leaders representatives with authority to discuss problem "intelligently" and to take realistic steps towards their solution.

In particular no man of Cabinet rank was sent on special missions to Russia "to talk with M. Stalin" and he added, "it was the British Prime Minister who spoke primarily for the United States on the last of such missions."—

Our Boasting Leaves Asia Cold

Mr. Willkie declared a total defeat of the Japanese warlords and the German war machine could not in themselves solve the "world's problems".

"We must fight our way through not alone to the destruction of our enemies but to the new world idea. To win the peace, three things seem to me necessary: we must plan for peace on a global basis.

Secondly, the world must be free economically and politically. Thirdly, America must play an active constructive part in freeing it and keeping it at peace.

OUR BOASTING AND BIG TALK LEAVE ASIA COLD.

Men and women in Russia, China and the Middle East are conscious of their own potential strength. They are coming to know that many decisions about the future of the world lie in their hands.

They would like the United States to be partners in this grand adventure. They want us to join in creating a new society free from the economic injustices of the west and the political malpractices of the east. They want a partner who will not hesitate to speak out for the correction of injustice anywhere in the world."

DANGEROUS TO LAY HANDS ON DAKAR

Darlan Challenges Those Who Contemplate Attack

VICHY, Oct. 27.

Admiral Darlan declared that it would be "very dangerous for anyone who might try to lay hands on Dakar, when he spoke at Rabat on Monday.

Replying to a Paris journalist who had asked what the people of Dakar thought of an imminent attack he said, "People don't think at Dakar—they act, which is better. They don't stop work every morning to see what the wind has brought them from the sea—they are ready.

Dakar held out once before. There is no comparison between what would be found there now and what enabled it to resist before. Anyone who might want to make the test would find it unhealthy."

HOLD TO THE END

Asked about the defence of Dakar against a possible land attack, Admiral Darlan said an expedition against Dakar must come a long way and could not be improvised and could only be made during the six months of dry season now starting. "There would be some unpleasant surprises along this lengthy road", he added. "If it came to a fight at Dakar Marshal Petain's order to hold to the end would be obeyed by all."—Reuter.

HITLER'S ATTACK ON RUSSIA

Greatest Catastrophe

WASHINGTON: Addressing the German-American Emergency Conference held here Dr. Kurt Rosefeld, a former Minister of Justice in Germany said that German people would settle accounts with those responsible for the war. He declared:—"Hitler led the German people to their greatest catastrophe when he attacked Russia last year".—India Press Service.

TOKYO APPROPRIATES FOREIGN PATENTS

BERNE: A Tokyo report says that the Japanese Government have turned over to Japanese industries 3,000 patents registered by enemy citizens and Companies at the patent office, Tokyo.—India Press Service.

'Bomb Politics' In Sind

Explosion In Minister's House At Karachi

KARACHI, Oct. 27.

A country-made bomb was thrown at the residence of Dr. Hemandas, Minister for Agriculture late last night. It exploded with a terrific report, shaking the doors and windows of the house. One police constable had a narrow escape from being blown up. He was, however, injured.

Yesterday the car of Dr. Hemandas was attacked with stones, and the car was damaged considerably. His effigy was taken out in a procession which was dispersed by the police.

Picketing at the residences of the two Hindu Ministers continues.

Hidayatullah's Warning

Dr. Hemandas said that the explosion occurred on the main road near the house at about 10 p.m. The policeman was saved as a result of his jumping sideways, thus escaping flying pieces. Dr. Hemandas added, "I shall continue to do my duty, and shall not yield to threats."

Sir Ghulam Hussein Hidayatullah, Premier of Sind, in a statement says: "The bomb-throwing opposite Dr. Hemandas's house is calculated to vitally impair the best interests of Sind. As the Premier of Sind, all I need say is that we, as Government, do not propose to abdicate. I hope that the youth of Sind will not allow itself to be exploited in this way."

BOMB FOUND IN ANOTHER MINISTER'S HOUSE

Two crude bombs were found this morning at 10 o'clock one in the compound of Rai Saheb Gokuldas, Minister of P.W.D. and the other in the Municipal Recreation ground nearby. The police removed them to a safe place.—A.P.

Bomb Found In Sind Express

An unexploded bomb was found in the intermediate class of the Sind Express last night.

It is stated that the train arrived from Peshawar at the Karachi City Station and when it was being cleaned, a bomb as big as a cricket ball was noticed lying beneath the seat.

The Railway police removed the bomb.—United Press.

Mahasabha Leader's Prescription

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A suggestion that Section 93 of the Government of India Act should operate in Sind "as three-fourths of the Province is already under Martial Law, and it is no use continuing the Ministry" is made by Mr. Shamdas P. Gidwani, General President of the Hindu Mahasabha, Karachi, who is here, in the course of a statement to the Press regarding Sind politics.

He adds: "Fresh elections alone can solve the problem of Sind as of the whole of India. I trust H. E. Sir Hugh Dow knows that with the present material in the Sind Assembly and with important members of the Muslim League, the Mirs and Hindu Independent Party out, there can be no smooth working of the present Ministry or any Ministry in Sind".

Continuing Mr. Gidwani says: "Sir Ghulam Hussein's Ministry in Sind is the fifth Ministry that has been formed ever since my unfortunate province was separated from the Bombay Presidency. During the last five years, there have been more murders in Sind than at any time since the annexation of Sind by the British in 1843. Owing to this lawlessness, there is Martial Law in practically three-fourths of Sind. The population of Sind is about 45 lakhs, while the population of Mymensingh (a district of Bengal) is 95 lakhs. On account of Barrage Debt, Sind has to pay Rs. 9 lakhs of interest in the first year to Rs. 187 lakhs in the last year. The revenue of Sind is about Rs. 3 crores annually, and the incidence of provincial taxation is the highest in Sind viz. Rs 6/- against Re. 1/9/- in Bengal.

"In my opinion, Sind will never be able to stand on its legs and the sooner this Province is re-attached to Bombay, the better for all concerned.—United Press.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

The following appears in a local paper in the 4th year of the war. It is typical of the effort which the Indian States are making to win the war:

Sealed tenders are invited for the supply of the undermentioned brands of English Wines, Cigarettes and Liquors. The quantities upto which each brand can be supplied immediately should be mentioned in the tender.

ENGLISH WINES & LIQUORS.
1. Whiskey Scotch
   (a) John Haig
   (b) Black & White.
2. Gin English
3. Brandy Nepolian (French)
4. Sheery
5. Port
6. Medira
7. Clerat
8. Cream-de-Menthe
9. Benadic-Jinc
10. Kummel
11. Champogue
12. Beer
13. Liquor Brandy

CIGARETTES.
1. Gold Flake
2. Caravan 'A'
3. Cavanders
4. 555
5. 999
6. De Rezske
7. Turkish
8. Egyptians
9. Passing Show
10. Guinea Gold
11. 3A
12. Pila Hati
13. Scissors
14. Ambrosia
15. Kool.

DEVI SINGH,
President,
Marriage Committee,
Jodhpur,
(Marwar).
34828

(The spelling mistakes are retained as in the original).

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Mrs. Roosevelt, "Working Girls' Best Friend"

NEW YORK: Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, wife of the American President, has been selected as the "Working Girls' Best Friend" by the Working Girls' Vacation Society in recognition of her "Monumental work in promoting the cause of Working Girls in America".—India Press Service.

Orissa Assembly Opens Today

CUTTACK, Oct. 27.

It is learnt His Excellency the Governor will not address the Assembly session on the opening day to-morrow as was anticipated in political circles earlier.

The Maharaja of Parlakimedi, the Premier, who is now in Poona and is advised by Doctors to take rest is not likely to come back by to-morrow.—A. P.

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QUICKEST & SAFEST for your COLD
Phensic kills the germs in your Bloodstream
A cold-stopper can be called *quick* only when you feel the benefit of a dose within a few minutes of taking. It can only be called *safe* if young and old can take it without harm to the heart or risk of upset to the stomach. On these counts Phensic is both *QUICKEST* and *SAFEST*. Two tablets exert a very powerful, yet harmless effect. They kill cold germs in the bloodstream and turn out germ-poisons via the kidneys. As they cure a cold they restore the patient's strength! Try Phensic at once!
SIMPLY TAKE 2 TABLETS OF
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TWO TABLETS GIVE MAGIC RELIEF

INSPECTOR WADE — THE DOUBLE — BY EDGAR WALLACE

YEAH, SEND A RIOT SQUAD, AND MAKE IT SNAPPY, WADE'S TRYING TO CRASH THE HIDEOUT BY HIS LONESOME!
OKAY, I'LL OPEN THE DOOR... BUT YUH AIN'T COMIN' IN. YUH CAN GIVE ME WHAT YOU GOT FER US..
WHAT YUH GOT FER---
THIS!
I'M INSIDE... MAYBE I'LL SOON WISH I WASN'T.
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